



INDIANA ASSOCIATION OF RESOURCES
AND CHILD ADVOCACY

**THE IARCA
OUTCOME
MEASURES
PROJECT**

**ANNUAL REPORT
2018**

**INDIANA ASSOCIATION OF
RESOURCES AND CHILD ADVOCACY**

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AND CHILD ADVOCACY

THE IARCA OUTCOME MEASURES PROJECT

Report for calendar year 2018

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- ✓ This Annual Report focuses on the twenty-first year that the IARCA Outcome Measures Project (*the IOMP*) has completed statewide data collection across Indiana. Information presented in this report was collected during Calendar Year 2018 for 12 program types – Transitional Living, Day Treatment, Home-Based, Traditional Foster Care, Treatment Foster Care, Shelter Care, Residential Care Utilizing Public Schools, Residential Care Utilizing Public and On-Grounds Schools, Residential Locked and Staff-Secure, Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities, Crisis Stabilization and Outpatient Treatment.
- ✓ The Executive Summary for Calendar Year 2018 provides summary information on data collected from programs in participating agencies, focusing on characteristics of youth served.
- ✓ This Annual Report, the Executive Summary, and recent past reports on *the IOMP* are available on IARCA’s website, at www.iarca.org, and on *the IOMP* website, at www.EvaluateOutcomesNow.org.

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Jacqueline Remonet Wall, Ph.D., Professor Emeritus at the University of Indianapolis, served as faculty in the School of Psychological Sciences (SoPS). While at the university, she performed multiple administrative roles; directing SoPS undergraduate programs and chairing (faculty) both the Institutional Review Board for human research protections and the university's Academic Quality Improvement Program committee to maintain the institution's regional academic accreditation. Her doctoral degree is in industrial / organizational psychology; she's also completed a post-doctoral clinical psychology respecialization certificate, and post-doctoral residencies in neuropsychology and rehabilitation psychology. Dr. Wall is licensed to practice psychology in the state of Indiana; her practice has emphasized evaluation, including work with individuals and programs/departments/organizations in human services, public safety, academia, and health care. Her work has included developing, implementing and evaluating employee selection systems, conducting needs analyses with subsequent development, delivery and evaluation of training programs and educational offerings, performing needs assessments for service development, and evaluating existing practices. She has served as an external evaluator with IARCA since 1998.

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Indiana Association of Resources and Child Advocacy The IARCA Outcome Measures Project Report for Calendar year 2018

Project Information and History

The IARCA Outcome Measures Project (hereafter referred to as the IOMP) evaluates the effectiveness of programs and services provided to children and families by IARCA member agencies. Originally developed and piloted in 1996 through 1997, the IOMP was implemented in 1998 to annually assess the strengths and limitations of IARCA member agency programs (see Appendix A for a list of agencies that participated in 2018). In addition, in 1998 external evaluators were selected to independently analyze, interpret, and report the year's data. Also, individuals from IARCA member agencies have continued to meet to monitor the IOMP (see Appendix B for a list of 2018 Outcome Task Force members), evaluators have continued to examine the data and create reports, and IARCA has published the findings.

In 2018, IARCA* members were comprised of 98 Indiana agencies that provided a broad range of services and programs to children, youth and their families. Forty-nine (49) of these member agencies provided data in 2018 for the IOMP. Representing 50.0% of the overall IARCA membership, the number and proportion of participating agencies are among the smallest of that measured across the years of the project. For example, between 1998 and 2017 the proportion of participating agencies has ranged between 56.3% and 76.1% of all IARCA members. However, the participating agencies submitted 15,205 packets[†] of data in 2018 (5,817 packets at intake, 5,147 at discharge, 2,307 at follow-up I and 1,934 at follow-up II) of which 12,745 packets contained information used in this report.[‡] In 2017, 16,606 packets were submitted (13,458 were used) while in 2016, 17,600 packets were submitted (14,153 were used).

The information presented in this Annual Report examines the intake, discharge, and follow-up data collected in 2018 for youth served by participating IARCA member agencies.

* Formerly IARCCA, an Association of Children and Family Services.

[†] A packet is defined as the set of data submitted for a youth at one of the four data collection times for the IOMP – at intake, discharge, follow-up I or follow-up II. Thus, the Child Risk Factor Survey, Child Problem Checklist, Family Problem Checklist, and the Intake Summary Sheet would constitute one packet submitted at intake.

[‡] Of the 2,307 packets submitted at follow-up I, 1,064 youth were contacted and 1,243 were not contacted. Of the 1,934 packets at follow-up II, 717 youth were contacted and 1,217 were not contacted.

Appendix C summarizes data collection strategies for each program type. Appendices D through P provide tabular presentations of the data.

Program Definitions

Definitions for each of the program types evaluated by IARCA member agencies were developed by the Task Force and are updated as changes in the IOMP have occurred. Below are abridged definitions (IARCCA, 2013) for each of the program types reported on in 2018; the unabridged definitions may be obtained by contacting IARCA.

Transitional Living programs provide services to youth needing supervised and supported opportunities to live in a community in preparation for full emancipation. Transitional living programs are generally not considered appropriate for youth with a goal of family reunification or adoption.

Day Treatment programs allow youth to live in the community while receiving therapeutic and support services outside their home. Generally, these services are provided up to fourteen (14) hours per day for up to six (6) days a week.

Home-Based programs provide intensive services to a child within his/her identified family system. A major component of home-based programs is to provide and access services that wrap the identified child(ren) and the identified members of his/her family with resources and support within the local community.

Traditional Foster Care programs provide community-based services to a child in a family or mentor setting other than his/her own family on a long or short-term basis. Traditional Family Foster Care offers a supportive family environment to children whose family cannot raise them because of the child's behavioral difficulties, the occurrence of child maltreatment, problems within the family environment, or physical or mental illness in the parent(s).

Treatment Foster Care programs provide community-based services to a child in a family or mentor setting other than his/her own family on a long or short-term basis. Treatment Foster Care Programs provide multiple intensive community-based services to children/youth with a range of mental, physical, medical, developmental, emotional, and behavioral conditions.

Shelter Care programs provide a safe environment for a child who is self-referred, in protective custody, or is identified at risk. These programs may provide a range of services including custodial care, diagnostic assessment, and referral services.

Residential Programs Utilizing Public Schools provide a therapeutic 24-hour structured, safe treatment setting for children. A major component of residential programs is to address the emotional, behavioral, educational, and family-related issues of (for) each child. For residential programs utilizing public schools, children attend public school and participate in extra-curricular activities, as appropriate.

Residential Programs Utilizing Public and On-Grounds Schools provide a therapeutic 24-hour structured, safe treatment setting for children. A major component of residential programs is to address the emotional, behavioral, educational, and family-related issues of (for) each child. For residential programs utilizing public and on-grounds schools, education may be

provided on-grounds, at public school, or a combination of the two. An on-grounds educational program exists and is used for some of the clients.

Residential Locked and Staff Secure programs provide a therapeutic 24-hour structured, safe treatment setting for children. A major component of residential programs is to address the emotional, behavioral, educational, and family-related issues of (for) each child. Children cannot leave the living unit unless accompanied by staff, do not attend public schools, or have off-campus jobs. Awake-night staff are required.

Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility (PRTF) programs provide a therapeutic 24-hour structured, safe treatment setting for children. A major component of residential programs is to address the emotional, behavioral, educational, and family-related issues of (for) each child. For psychiatric residential treatment facilities, clients are placed for medically necessary services in a Medicaid approved PRTF facility.

Crisis Stabilization programs provide short-term acute care to children who are at-risk for severe harm to themselves or others, or are unmanageable at their current placement. These children may currently be failing outpatient services or day treatment settings and need a more intensive level of care.

Outpatient Treatment programs provide counseling in an office or home setting to children and families. A major focus of this program is to provide therapeutic support to the child/family to enhance emotional health.

Outcome Measures

Data for the IOMP is provided to IARCA by member agencies and is collected at: (1) intake; (2) discharge; (3) follow-up I (i.e., at 3 or 6 months after discharge, depending on the program); and (4) follow-up II (i.e., at 6 or 12 months after discharge, depending on the program).

Analyses for the follow-up timeframes used the following algorithm to determine whether a child had been contacted at follow-up. The child was considered “contacted” if at least 3 of 6 critical outcomes items were answered – youth’s current living arrangement, education, employment, subsequent court contact, subsequent abuse of the youth, and/or subsequent abuse in the home where the child is living. If fewer than 3 of these 6 items were answered, then the youth was considered “not contacted” for purposes of analyses. This algorithm has been employed for the analyses every year since data were collected for calendar year 2006.

A list of measures follows; a more detailed description of the instruments can be obtained from IARCA.

Clinical Outcomes

- ✓ Child Problem Checklist (CPC). Lower scores indicate fewer identified child problems.
- ✓ Family Risk Scales: Parent Centered Risk (FRS; Magura, Moses & Jones, 1987). Lower scores are associated with lower levels of parent-centered risk.
- ✓ Family Problem Checklist (FPC). Lower scores reflect fewer identified family problems.

Functional Outcomes

- ✓ Educational outcome. Educational outcome at discharge is measured based on responses to three dichotomous questions on those who are age 6 or older; is the child attending school, are school-related behavior problems absent and is there academic improvement. Positive outcomes are recorded if two of these three areas are affirmatively reported. Education at both follow-up timeframes is positive if the youth is attending school or has graduated.
- ✓ Educational status. While not an outcome measure, educational status at program discharge identifies whether the youth is enrolled in preschool, elementary or secondary school, has graduated, is in post-secondary education, has been expelled, or their status is not known.
- ✓ Employment outcome. Youth aged 16 and older are identified as being employed or not employed at discharge and at follow-up (I and II) time frames.
- ✓ Absence of subsequent abuse of child. Youth are identified as not having a new incident of abuse or neglect being investigated or substantiated in the time frame between discharge and follow-up I, and, also between follow-up I and follow-up II.
- ✓ Absence of subsequent abuse in family. Youth are identified as not living in a family where a new incident of abuse or neglect has been investigated or substantiated in the time frame between discharge and follow-up I, and, also between follow-up I and follow-up II.
- ✓ Absence of subsequent court involvement. Youth are identified as not having court involvement for a new infraction in the time frame between program between discharge and follow-up I, and, also between follow-up I and follow-up II.

Effectiveness of Placement

- ✓ Length of Stay. The number of calendar days in treatment is calculated by subtracting the admission date from the discharge date.
- ✓ Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scales. (ROLES; Hawkins, Almeida, Fabry, & Reits, 1992). The placement upon discharge is compared to the restrictiveness of the program; yielding a rating that is “more-, similar-, or less restrictive”, or a code of runaway is used for those who have eloped from the treatment setting. At follow-up I and follow-up II, living environments of youth are rated, using a more-, similar-, or less restrictive placement when compared to the setting at discharge or if youth have run away, a code of runaway is used.
- ✓ Achievement of primary or concurrent permanency plan. Youth are identified as meeting their primary or concurrent permanency plan, not meeting either plan, or not having a plan.
- ✓ Nature of discharge. Youth are identified as having a planned discharge, being removed by the referral source, administratively discharged, or running away.

Risk & Protective Factors

- ✓ Demographic variables. Items include gender, ethnicity, and age.

- ✓ Child-specific risk factors. Items include being a witness to domestic violence, having history of special education placement or grade retention, use of psychotropic medication and suspected or substantiated neglect or abuse.
- ✓ Parent-specific risk factors. Items include history of parent incarceration, psychiatric diagnosis, substance abuse, single parent family and termination of parent rights.
- ✓ Total Risk Score. A “Total Risk Score” is calculated for each child by summing the major risk factors; these factors were identified from review of existing literature and expert opinion.[§]
- ✓ Child-specific protective factors. The 12-item version of the Child and Youth Resilience Measure (CYRM-12; Liebenberg, Ungar & LeBlanc, 2013) is used, and completed for youth age 9 and older; items are reported by the youth or a person “most knowledgeable” about the child/youth (e.g., family member). A total score is calculated by averaging scores across the 12 items, with higher scores associated with higher reports of resilience.

Data Extraction for Analyses

Data used in this Annual Report was provided to the evaluators on February 25, 2019.

Changes in 2018 Data Collection, Analysis, and Reporting

During the last twenty-one years, the IOMP has collected information on youth and families seen in programs in a generally consistent fashion. In addition, the analysis and reporting of this information has been generally consistent with that done in the past. Although there have been some minor changes, none have been made in the analysis or reporting of data since 2016.

Comments on Interpreting the Data

As the primary purpose of the IOMP is to measure outcomes at a programmatic level, the results presented in this Annual Report are not intended to focus on individual children / youth or families. The characteristics are of families and children entering programs during the calendar year 2018 (at intake), those who left programs during calendar year 2018 (at discharge), and those who were contacted in 2018 several months after being discharged (at follow-up I and follow-up II). Each time-period includes different groups of children and families, and individuals are not followed across time (i.e., at admission, discharge, follow-up I and/or follow-up II) or placements. This limits the interpretations and conclusions that may be drawn, as the samples likely represent different groups of children / youth and/or families within programs.

[§] Specific risk factors that increase the score by one point each include: youth pregnant, youth with children; Child in Need of Services (CHINS); delinquent; victim of neglect, physical abuse, and / or sexual abuse; witness to domestic violence; grade retention; special education; psychotropic medication; parent substance abuse; parent incarceration; parent psychiatric diagnosis; single parent family; parent rights being terminated for one parent or both parents. The score increases by two points if parent rights were terminated for adoptive parents.

Consistent with that which has been mentioned in previous reports, the follow-up data may not reflect all youth who had been placed in care; there are a substantive number of cases in which the youth were “not able to be contacted.” In using the algorithm to count cases for which at least half of the responses were included, a substantive proportion of youth were not included in the sample (46.1% at follow-up I, 37.1% at follow-up II). Also, the overall number of youth in the follow-up samples is lower than that which would be predicted based upon the number of youth discharged from programs. Therefore, the follow-up information may not be representative of all youth receiving care and should be interpreted with a degree of caution.

It should also be noted that the IOMP does not represent a research study from which any generalizable results may be postulated. The IOMP does not collect outcomes from comparison groups, so it is not possible to claim that any outcomes, positive or negative, are due to a placement in a provided program or service. Unmeasured factors may have influenced placement decisions and outcomes; plus, the unknown levels of variation in members of each program sample limit the ability to suggest that information is representative of youth who’ve been placed in care. Lastly, results presented in this report are aggregate figures of voluntary submissions and therefore may not represent all who are served by all programs or agencies that are members of IARCA or children and youth receiving service in the state of Indiana.

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported on 134 youth entered Transitional Living programs in 2018.
- ✓ On average, youth were just over seventeen (17.2) years of age at program entry.
- ✓ Just under two-thirds (63.4%) of youth were female.
- ✓ Slightly over two-thirds of the youth (68.7%) were identified as Caucasian, about 1 in 5 (19.4%) African American, and 1 in 45 (2.2%) Hispanic. Other racial and ethnic backgrounds, including biracial, were identified for about 1 of every 11 youth (9.6%).
- ✓ Youth had, on average, been in 2.1 placements before entering Transitional Living.
- ✓ Approximately 1 in every 10 youth (9.7%) admitted to Transitional Living programs were adjudicated delinquent, while just under three-fifths of youth (59.0%) were classified as CHINS.
- ✓ At intake, just over two-fifths of all youth (41.8%) entered placement with a permanency goal of emancipation / independent living.
- ✓ Five youths entering care were pregnant at intake (3.7% of all youth; 5.9% of female youth) and just under 1 in 10 youth (9.0%) had children.
- ✓ Termination of parent rights was recorded for over 2 in 5 (43.6%) of youth entering Transitional Living programs.
- ✓ The average score on the CPC at intake was 3.2. The most frequently chosen item, identified for more than half of all youth entering Transitional Living, was being depressed / withdrawn (53.0%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 110 youth discharged from Transitional Living programs.
- ✓ The average length of stay was just under 12 months (average of 352.8 days). The *Median* length of stay was just over than 9 months (274.0 days).
- ✓ The average number of items selected on the CPC at discharge was 2.7. The most frequently selected item, identified for nearly half of youth (47.3%), was depressed/withdrawn.
- ✓ At discharge, just over 3 of every 4 youth leaving care had a positive educational outcome rated (76.1%). More than 9 of 10 youth (93.2%) were enrolled in a secondary or post-secondary educational program or had complete one.
- ✓ Just under half of the youth were employed at discharge (46.3%).
- ✓ Just over 3 of every 4 youth were discharged to a less restrictive placement (75.5%).
- ✓ Nearly two of every three youth were discharged in accord with their plan (65.5%).

Follow-Up I

- ✓ Just over 2 of every 5 (44.2%) eligible youth (34 out of 77) were contacted at follow-up I. Of these youth:
 - Just over 3 of every 4 youth contacted had a positive education outcome at follow-up I (76.2%).
 - About 3 in 5 were employed (61.8%).
 - Since discharge, no new abuse was substantiated (100% no new abuse).
 - Over 9 of every 10 youth had not returned to court for new infractions (93.9%).
 - About 4 in 5 (79.4%) lived in placements of equal or similar restrictiveness to the setting they were placed in when they left the program (discharge).

Intake
(N = 134)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	17.2
Gender	
Male	36.6%
Female	63.4%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	68.7%
African American	19.4%
Hispanic	2.2%
Other	9.6%
Average # prior placements	2.1
Previous home based services	47.0%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	45.5%
Physical abuse	19.4%
Sexual abuse	8.2%
Witness to domestic violence	33.6%
Child in Need of Services	59.0%
Delinquent	9.7%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	5.9%
Pregnant (all youth)	3.7%
Have children	9.0%
Grade retention	6.8%
Special education	16.4%
Psychotropic medication	8.2%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	48.5%
Incarceration history	44.0%
Psychiatric diagnosis	14.2%
Single parent family	40.3%
Parent rights terminated	43.6%
For one parent	18.8%
For both parents	23.8%
For adoptive parents	1.0%
Average Risk Factor Score	4.0

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=115)	3.9
Average CPC score (n=134)	3.2
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Depression / withdrawn	53.0%
School learning problems	26.1%
School attendance problems	26.1%
Hyperactivity	23.1%
Substance Involvement	22.4%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	10.4%	14.5%
Adoption	5.2%	2.7%
Emancipation / independent living	41.8%	32.7%
Permanent custodial relationship	0.7%	0.9%
Legal guardianship	1.5%	2.7%
Other planned permanent arrangement	17.2%	25.5%
Placement without case plan	0.7%	1.8%
No case plan required by referral	22.4%	19.1%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	0.7%	0.0%
Private	0.0%	0.0%
Other / not specified	21.7%	19.1%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 110)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=87)	4.1
Average CPC score (n=110)	2.7
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Depression / withdrawn	47.3%
School learning problems	23.6%
Substance involvement	22.7%
Peer relationship problems	19.1%
Failure to follow instructions	16.4%
Runaway	16.4%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	40.9%
Parent's home	10.9%
Relative's home	17.3%
Adoptive home	1.8%
Friend's home	1.8%
Regular foster care	3.6%
Treatment foster care	0.0%
Emergency shelter	0.9%
Group home	1.8%
Residential treatment center	3.6%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.0%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	0.0%
Detention / correctional center	2.7%
Jail	0.9%
Other	3.6%
Runaway	0.0%
Not Classified	10.0%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	352.8	274.0

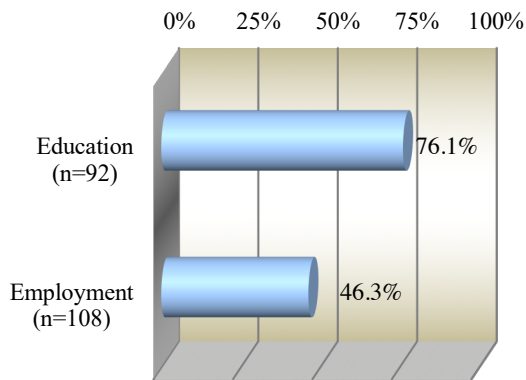
Nature of Discharge	
Planned	65.5%
Removed by referral source	6.4%
Administrative discharge	15.5%
Runaway	12.7%

ROLES	
More restrictive	13.6%
Same restrictiveness	0.9%
Less restrictive	75.5%
Runaway	10.0%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	37.3%	48.2%
Yes, concurrent	10.0%	12.9%
No	30.0%	38.8%
No case plan	22.7%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.0%
Enrolled in K-12	18.2%
Home schooled	0.9%
Working on GED	3.6%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	11.8%
Obtained certificate of completion	1.8%
Obtained GED	7.3%
Obtained high school diploma	33.6%
Enrolled in vocational training program	6.4%
Enrolled in college or university	14.5%
Youth expelled	0.9%
None apply	3.6%
Unknown	1.8%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. Individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

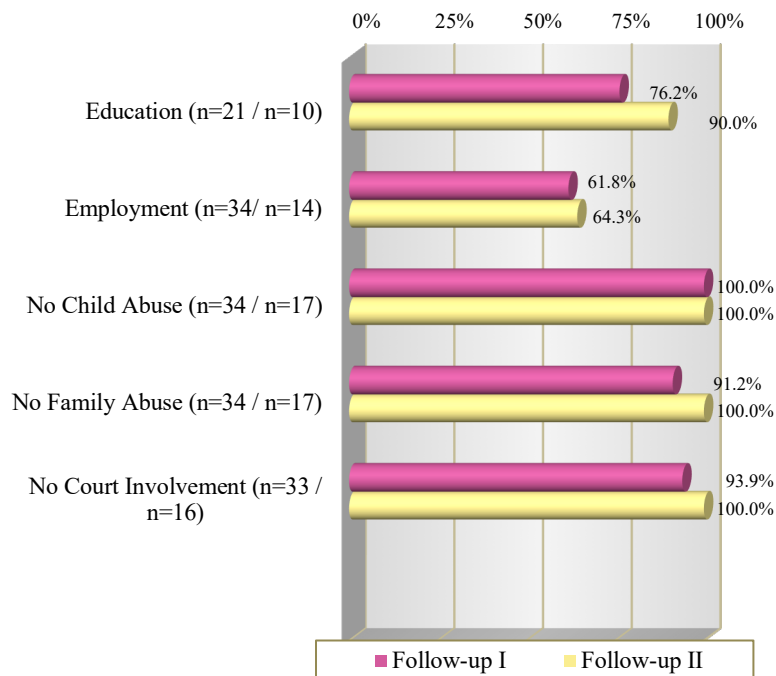
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
34	43	17	46

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=34	n=17
More restrictive	5.9%	5.9%
Same restrictiveness	79.4%	70.6%
Less restrictive	14.7%	23.5%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II.

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 182 youth entered Day Treatment programs in 2018.
- ✓ The average age of these youth was 14.3 years, approximately three-fourths (73.6%) were male, and just under half were Caucasian (45.6%).
- ✓ Just under 1 in every 6 youth were classified as CHINS (15.4%), and just over 1 in every 5 youth were adjudicated delinquent (21.4%).
- ✓ Around 1 in 20 youth had histories of suspected or reported neglect (5.5%), 1 in 12 had histories of suspected or reported physical abuse (8.8%), and 1 in 9 had histories of suspected or reported sexual abuse (11.0%).
- ✓ Approximately 1 of every 8 (12.6%) youth had reportedly witnessed domestic violence.
- ✓ About 1 of every 5 youth had previously participated in home-based services (20.3%).
- ✓ Approximately 2 of every 5 youth had histories of placement in special education (40.7%).
- ✓ A history of parent incarceration was reported for about 1 in 8 (13.2%) of the youth.
- ✓ At least one parent's rights had been terminated for one-sixth of these youth (16.8%).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 4.6. Failure to follow instructions (47.3%), school learning problems (42.9%) and peer relationship problems (42.3%) were the most commonly identified items.
- ✓ The average FPC score was 1.7. Lack of family supports (28.6%) was the most commonly identified problem on the FPC.

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 126 youth discharged from Day Treatment programs.
- ✓ The average length of stay was about 6 months (*Mean* = 179.3 days). Half of the youth were in treatment for over 4 months (*Median* = 128.0 days).
- ✓ Youth had an average CPC score of 3.9. The problems most frequently reported were failure to follow instructions (42.9%), school learning problems (35.7%), and depression/withdrawn (35.7%).
- ✓ Families of youth had an average FPC score at discharge of 1.8; lack of family supports (39.7%) was the most commonly identified item.
- ✓ More than 4 of every 5 youth were placed in a similar or less restrictive placement at discharge (88.9%).
- ✓ Over 4 in 5 youth were discharged as planned (87.2%). Almost 1 in 8 was administratively discharged (12.0%). Fewer than 1 in 100 youth were removed from their program by the referring source (0.8%), and none ran away while in care.
- ✓ About 7 of 10 of youth had a positive educational outcome rated at discharge (70.6%).
- ✓ 1 in 8 youth aged 16 and older were employed at discharge (12.5%).

Follow-up I

- ✓ Nearly 9 of every 10 (76.8%) eligible youth (84 out of 95) were contacted at follow-up I.
 - All (100%) had a positive educational outcome.
 - Since discharge, nearly all had no new abuse substantiated (98.7% no abuse) and no families had experienced newly substantiated abuse (100.0%; 84/84 no abuse in families).
 - Few youths had returned to court for new offenses (no new court involvement for 88.1% or 74/84 youth).

Intake

(N = 182)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	14.3
Gender	
Male	73.6%
Female	26.4%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	45.6%
African American	36.3%
Hispanic	12.1%
Other	6.0%
Average # prior placements	0.5
Previous home based services	20.3%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	5.5%
Physical abuse	8.8%
Sexual abuse	11.0%
Witness to domestic violence	12.6%
Child in Need of Services	15.4%
Delinquent	21.4%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	2.1%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.5%
Have children	1.6%
Grade retention	14.9%
Special education	40.7%
Psychotropic medication	18.1%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	21.4%
Incarceration history	13.2%
Psychiatric diagnosis	1.6%
Single parent family	36.8%
Parent rights terminated	16.8%
For one parent	7.8%
For both parents	8.4%
For adoptive parents	0.6%
Average Risk Factor Score	2.4

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=92)	3.5
Average CPC score (n=182)	4.6
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	47.3%
School learning problems	42.9%
Peer relationship problems	42.3%
School attendance problems	41.2%
Depression	38.5%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=102)	0.46
Average FPC score (n=138)	1.7
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	28.6%
Severe family conflict	20.3%
Transportation lacking	19.8%
Children unsupervised	15.4%
Caregiver unemployed	12.6%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	2.7%	9.6%
Adoption	1.1%	1.6%
Emancipation / independent living	0.5%	0.8%
Permanent custodial relationship	0.5%	0.0%
Legal guardianship	1.1%	0.8%
Other planned permanent arrangement	4.9%	4.0%
Placement without case plan	2.7%	4.8%
No case plan required by referral	86.3%	78.4%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Education	16.5%	17.5%
Probation	34.1%	12.7%
Private	28.6%	33.3%
Other / not specified	7.1%	14.9%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 126)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=46)	3.6
Average CPC score (n=125)	3.9
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	42.9%
School learning problems	35.7%
Depression/withdrawn	35.7%
Peer relationship problems	33.3%
Hyperactive/inattentive	31.0%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=74)	0.53
Average FPC score (n=90)	1.8
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	39.7%
Severe family conflict	20.6%
Transportation lacking	19.8%
Children unsupervised	15.9%
Caregiver uninvested	7.9%
Caregiver unemployed	7.9%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	179.3	128.0

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	87.2%
Removed by referral source	0.8%
Administrative discharge	12.0%
Runaway	0.0%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

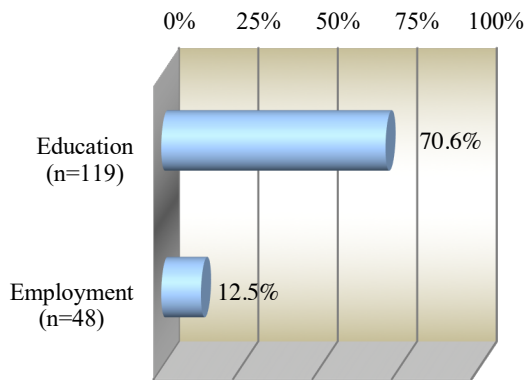
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	0.0%
Parent's home	47.3%
Relative's home	9.2%
Adoptive home	1.5%
Friend's home	2.3%
Regular foster care	10.7%
Treatment foster care	0.8%
Emergency shelter	0.0%
Group home	6.9%
Residential treatment center	9.9%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.0%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	7.6%
Detention / correctional center	2.3%
Jail	1.5%
Other	0.0%
Runaway	0.0%

ROLES	
More restrictive	15.9%
Same restrictiveness	73.0%
Less restrictive	11.1%
Runaway	0.0%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	10.4%	72.2%
Yes, concurrent	0.0%	0.0%
No	4.0%	27.8%
No case plan	85.6%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.8%
Enrolled in K-12	70.6%
Home schooled	1.6%
Working on GED	3.2%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	1.6%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.8%
Obtained GED	0.0%
Obtained high school diploma	2.4%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	0.0%
Youth expelled	0.0%
None apply	4.0%
Unknown	3.2%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

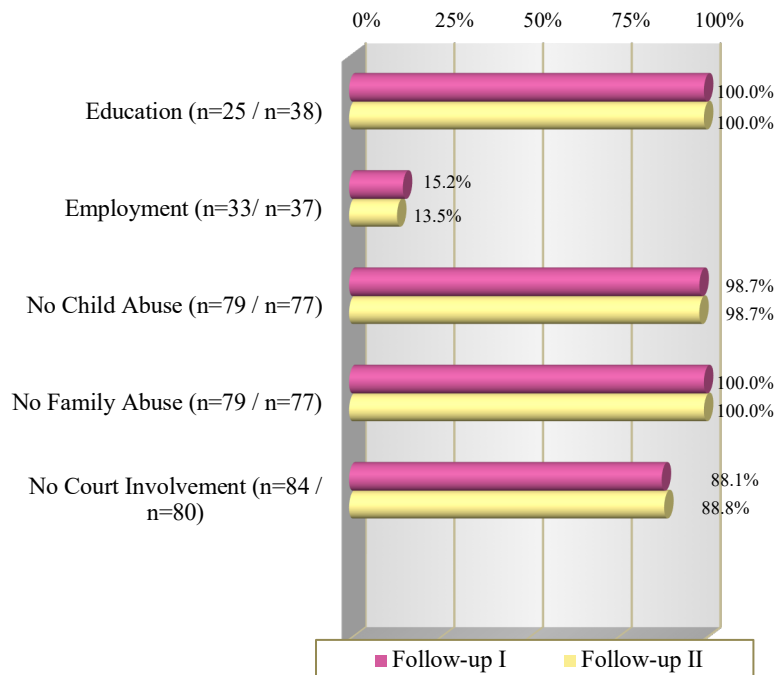
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
84	11	80	13

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=84	n=80
More restrictive	6.0%	11.3%
Same restrictiveness	85.7%	72.5%
Less restrictive	8.3%	16.3%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II.

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 1,158 youth entered Home-Based programs in 2018.
- ✓ The average age was 10.2 years. Just over half of the youth (55.4%) were male and just over one in five (21.4%) were either African American (17.0%) or Hispanic (4.4%).
- ✓ About 3 of every 5 youth were classified as CHINS (54.7%), and about 1 in 5 were adjudicated delinquent (21.1%).
- ✓ Over half of the youth had substantiated or reported neglect (53.3%). Just under one third of youth had witnessed domestic violence (34.9%). One in 13 had substantiated or reported sexual abuse (8.5%) and just fewer than 1 in 7 were identified as having known or suspected physical abuse (15.1%).
- ✓ About 3 of every 5 youth had parents with known or suspected substance abuse issues (59.6%).
- ✓ Parental incarceration history was reported for just under half of the youth (46.5%).
- ✓ Youth had an average of 4.3 items reported on the CPC at intake. The most frequently identified item on the CPC at intake was failure to follow instructions (33.6%).
- ✓ The average FPC had 3.5 items reported. The most commonly identified item on the FPC was neglect suspected (32.0%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 1,063 youth discharged from Home-Based programs.
- ✓ On average, services were provided for about 33.5 weeks (*Mean* = 234.7 days). Half of the youth participated in the program for just less than 6 months (*Median* = 166.8 days).
- ✓ Nearly 3 of every 4 youth had a positive educational outcome rated (74.6%).
- ✓ Just over 4 of every 5 youth (83.4%) were enrolled in school, completing a diploma or certificate or had obtained a diploma or its equivalent.
- ✓ Just under 1 of every 3 youths aged 16 or older were employed at discharge (31.0%).
- ✓ Almost 9 of every 10 youth (85.2%) were discharged to a similar or less restrictive environment. About 3 in 10 (32.0%) were administratively discharged.
- ✓ For nature of discharge, approximately 3 of every 5 youth (62.4%) were discharged as planned.

Follow-up I

- ✓ Just over 1 in 3 eligible youth (34.6% or 112 out of 324) were contacted at follow-up I. Of these youth:
 - Since discharge, none of the youth had any new abuse substantiated (100.0% reported no new abuse), and very few were living in homes where abuse was substantiated (99.1% reported no new abuse in the family).
 - More than 9 of every 10 contacted experienced no new court involvement (94.5% of those contacted had not returned to court).
 - Most all (93.7%) lived in a similar or less restrictive environment and had positive educational (97.0%; n = 67) outcomes.

Intake
(N = 1,158)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	10.2
Gender	
Male	55.4%
Female	44.6%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	52.0%
African American	17.0%
Hispanic	4.4%
Other	27.6%
Average # prior placements	0.9
Previous home based services	33.2%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	53.3%
Physical abuse	15.1%
Sexual abuse	8.5%
Witness to domestic violence	34.9%
Child in Need of Services	54.7%
Delinquent	21.1%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	1.6%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.7%
Have children	1.0%
Grade retention	14.1%
Special education	14.4%
Psychotropic medication	16.8%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	59.6%
Incarceration history	46.5%
Psychiatric diagnosis	22.4%
Single parent family	54.8%
Parent rights terminated	9.4%
For one parent	3.8%
For both parents	5.4%
For adoptive parents	0.2%
Average Risk Factor Score	4.2

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=676)	3.6
Average CPC score (n=992)	4.3
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	33.6%
Depression / withdrawn	31.2%
Peer relationship problems	27.7%
Hyperactive/inattentive	27.5%
School learning problems	26.4%
Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=999)	0.46
Average FPC score (n=1030)	3.5
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Neglect suspected	32.0%
Caregiver substance use	29.0%
Caregiver unemployed	28.8%
Severe family conflict	28.0%
Lack family support	24.0%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	53.4%	54.2%
Adoption	8.6%	7.4%
Emancipation / independent living	1.5%	2.3%
Permanent custodial relationship	1.7%	1.8%
Legal guardianship	1.1%	2.3%
Other planned permanent arrangement	2.9%	2.5%
Placement without case plan	4.2%	2.3%
No case plan required by referral	26.1%	27.3%
Department of Correction	0.3%	0.2%
Department of Education	0.1%	0.1%
Probation	19.0%	15.9%
Private	2.0%	1.3%
Other / not specified	5.2%	9.8%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 1,063)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=578)	3.8
Average CPC score (n=926)	2.7
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	23.2%
Hyperactive/inattentive	23.0%
Depression / withdrawn	22.7%
School learning problems	22.0%
Peer relationship problems	18.0%
Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=944)	0.40
Average FPC score (n=974)	2.2
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Caregiver unemployed	21.4%
Lack of family supports	21.4%
Severe family conflict	20.5%
Caregiver uninvested	19.3%
Transportation lacking	18.3%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	234.7	166.8

Nature of Discharge*	
Planned	62.4%
Removed by referral source	3.8%
Administrative discharge	32.0%
Runaway	1.8%

*Does not include the youth (1) who died while in care.

Placement Outcomes (contd.)

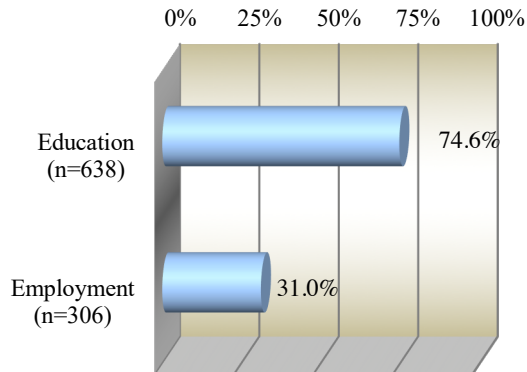
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	1.3%
Parent's home	50.9%
Relative's home	21.6%
Adoptive home	4.4%
Friend's home	0.6%
Regular foster care	11.2%
Treatment foster care	0.9%
Emergency shelter	0.4%
Group home	0.8%
Residential treatment center	3.6%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.2%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.2%
Intensive treatment unit	0.3%
Detention / correctional center	1.6%
Jail	0.2%
Other	0.4%
Runaway	1.3%

ROLES	
More restrictive	13.5%
Same restrictiveness	60.5%
Less restrictive	24.7%
Runaway	1.3%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	35.7%	52.5%
Yes, concurrent	3.2%	4.7%
No	29.1%	42.8%
No case plan	32.1%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	5.8%
Enrolled in K-12	64.3%
Home schooled	0.9%
Working on GED	2.5%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	1.3%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.1%
Obtained GED	0.6%
Obtained high school diploma	1.6%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.2%
Enrolled in college or university	0.7%
Youth expelled	1.3%
None apply	13.5%
Unknown	1.8%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

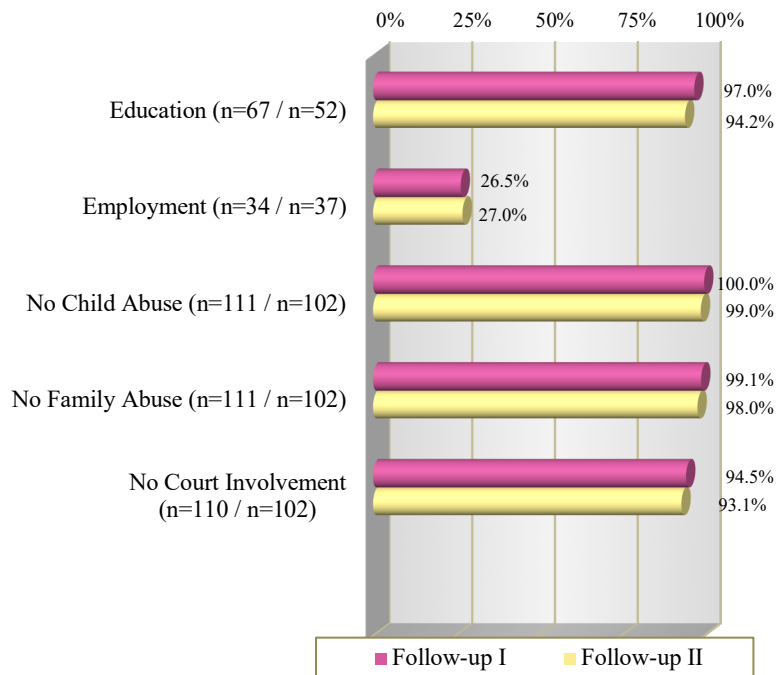
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
112	212	104	277

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=112	n=103
More restrictive	6.3%	2.9%
Same restrictiveness	86.6%	84.5%
Less restrictive	7.1%	12.6%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II.

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 417 youth entered Traditional Foster Care programs in 2018.
- ✓ The average age when placed into care was 5.6 years.
- ✓ Caucasian youth made up over half of the youth (59.7%). About one in five (21.8%) were African American, and approximately 1 in 40 were Latino/Hispanic (2.6%).
- ✓ Approximately 8 of every 9 youth were identified with substantiated or suspected neglect in the past (89.7%), while 1 in 6 were identified as potentially or actually being physically abused (16.8%), just over 1 in 20 as victims of substantiated or reported sexual abuse (5.8%), and just under 1 in 3 having witnessed domestic violence (29.7%).
- ✓ About 2 in 3 youth had parent substance use (66.8%) identified and 2 in 5 had a parent with an incarceration history (40.7%). Just under 2 in 5 youth were from single parent families (39.1%).
- ✓ About 1 of every 12 youth (8.4%) experienced some level of parent rights termination prior to entering Traditional Foster Care.
- ✓ Youth had an average of 3.0 items reported on the CPC at intake. The two most frequently reported items at intake were behaviors suggesting hyperactivity / inattentiveness (20.9%) and depression / withdrawal (19.7%).
- ✓ The average FPC score was 5.6 items reported. Two of the most frequently reported items were suspected neglect of child (68.1%) and caregiver substance use (49.4%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 344 youth discharged from Traditional Foster Care programs.
- ✓ The average length of stay was almost 12 months (*Mean* = 347.9 days). Half of all the youth were in care for just over 3 months (*Median* = 188.0 days).
- ✓ At discharge, youth in Traditional Foster Care had an average of 3.1 items reported on the CPC, and their families 2.4 items on the FPC. CPC items most frequently reported included behaviors suggesting hyperactivity/ inattentiveness (29.7%) and school learning problems (22.7%). FPC items most frequently reported included lack of family supports (23.8%), caregiver substance use (21.2%), neglect suspected (20.9%), and transportation lacking (17.4%).
- ✓ Just over four (4) of every 5 youth (82.0%, or n=150) aged 6 or older had a positive educational outcome at discharge.
- ✓ Just over 1 of every 3 youths aged 16 and older was employed at discharge (35.3%).
- ✓ More than 8 of every 10 youth were in a less restrictive placement at discharge (84.0%).
- ✓ For nature of discharge, over 8 of every 10 youth were discharged as planned (81.5%).
- ✓ Nearly all youth being discharged from care had a case plan (97.9%). Of those with a case plan, over 7 of every 10 youth met their permanency or concurrent goals (71.9%).

Follow-up I

- ✓ Just over half of eligible youth (54.6% or 147 out of 269) were contacted at follow-up I. Of these youth:
 - Nearly all youth contacted (98.6%; n = 72) had positive educational outcomes.
 - Since discharge, most of the youth had no new abuse substantiated (94.4%) and few (96.5%) had no substantiated instances of abuse in the home.
 - Nearly all youth had no new court involvement (99.3%).

2018 Program Outcomes: Traditional Foster Care Programs

Intake

(N = 417)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	5.6
Gender	
Male	48.7%
Female	51.3%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	59.7%
African American	21.8%
Hispanic	2.6%
Other	15.8%
Average # prior placements	1.5%
Previous home based services	26.9%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	89.7%
Physical abuse	16.8%
Sexual abuse	5.8%
Witness to domestic violence	29.7%
Child in Need of Services	89.0%
Delinquent	0.0%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	0.0%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.0%
Have children	0.7%
Grade retention	7.8%
Special education	11.9%
Psychotropic medication	10.4%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	66.8%
Incarceration history	40.7%
Psychiatric diagnosis	12.7%
Single parent family	39.1%
Parent rights terminated	8.4%
For one parent	2.0%
For both parents	6.4%
For adoptive parents	0.0%
Average Risk Factor Score	4.2

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=126)	3.6
Average CPC score (n=238)	3.0
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Hyperactivity/inattentive	20.9%
Depression / withdrawn	19.7%
School learning problems	18.7%
Failure to follow instructions	16.1%
Language problems	8.9%
Peer relationship problems	8.9%
Verbally aggressive	8.9%
Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=320)	0.63
Average FPC score (n=363)	5.6
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Neglect suspected	68.1%
Caregiver substance use	49.4%
Caregiver judgement impaired	40.8%
Lack family supports	33.6%
Caregiver unemployed	33.1%
Lack of family housing	33.1%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	80.8%	73.1%
Adoption	10.3%	19.6%
Emancipation / independent living	2.4%	1.8%
Permanent custodial relationship	1.2%	1.5%
Legal guardianship	0.2%	0.3%
Other planned permanent arrangement	0.0%	2.0%
Placement without case plan	5.0%	1.8%
No case plan required by referral	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	0.0%	0.0%
Private	0.0%	0.0%
Other / not specified	0.0%	0.0%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 344)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=138)	3.7
Average CPC score (n=234)	3.1
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Hyperactivity/inattentive	29.7%
School learning problems	22.7%
Failure to follow instructions	21.8%
Peer relationship problems	19.8%
Depression / withdrawn	15.1%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=284)	0.41
Average FPC score (n=312)	2.4
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	23.8%
Neglect suspected	20.9%
Caregiver use of substances	21.2%
Transportation lacking	17.4%
Lack of childcare	15.4%
Caregiver unemployed	15.4%
Caregiver judgment impaired	15.4%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	347.9	188.0

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	81.5%
Removed by referral source	4.1%
Administrative discharge	13.8%
Runaway	0.6%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

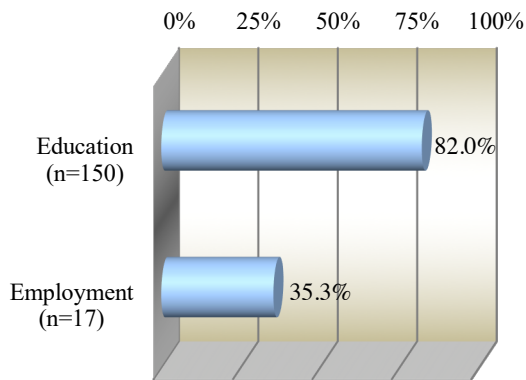
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	0.6%
Parent's home	46.0%
Relative's home	17.0%
Adoptive home	16.0%
Friend's home	0.8%
Regular foster care	13.0%
Treatment foster care	0.8%
Emergency shelter	2.2%
Group home	0.5%
Residential treatment center	0.8%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.5%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.3%
Intensive treatment unit	0.5%
Detention / correctional center	0.0%
Jail	0.0%
Other	0.3%
Runaway	0.8%

ROLES	
More restrictive	3.8%
Same restrictiveness	11.9%
Less restrictive	84.0%
Runaway	0.3%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	70.4%	71.9%
Yes, concurrent	4.7%	4.8%
No	22.9%	23.4%
No case plan	2.1%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	12.8%
Enrolled in K-12	52.3%
Home schooled	0.3%
Working on GED	0.0%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	0.3%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	0.3%
Obtained high school diploma	0.9%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	0.9%
Youth expelled	0.3%
None apply	21.5%
Unknown	0.3%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

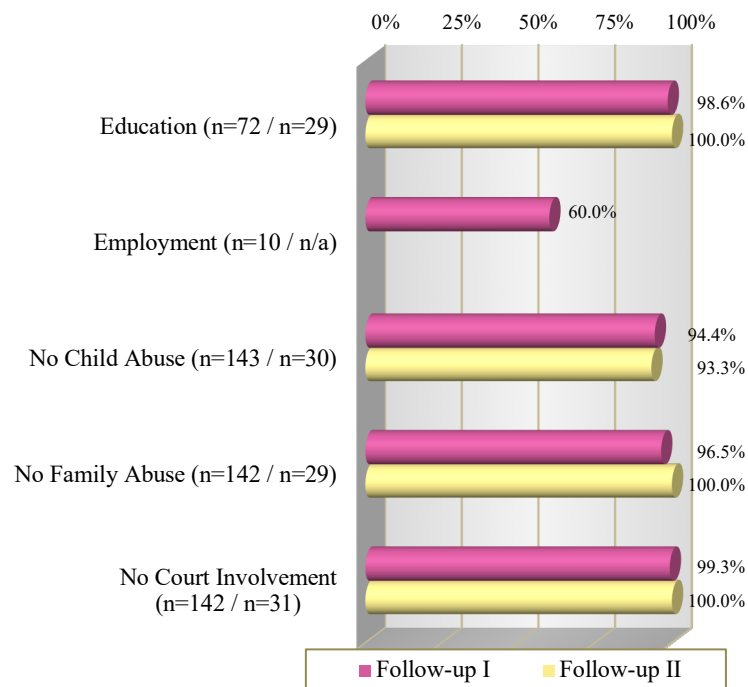
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
147	122	33	64

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=145	n=33
More restrictive	13.8%	12.1%
Same restrictiveness	70.3%	87.9%
Less restrictive	15.9%	0.0%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II.

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 1,451 youth entered Treatment Foster Care programs in 2018.
- ✓ The average age of youth was 7.1 years.
- ✓ Just over half (54.3%) were Caucasian, while 1 in 3 were African American (30.4%), just over 1 in 30 were Hispanic (3.9%) and about 1 in 10 were other races/ethnicities (11.4%).
- ✓ Four (4) of every 5 youth were identified with substantiated or suspected neglect in the past (81.8%), while about 1 in 9 were identified as potentially or actually being physically abused (13.0%). About 1 in 20 were reported to have experienced substantiated or reported sexual abuse (6.9%) and about 1 in 5 as having witnessed domestic violence (20.5%).
- ✓ About 1 in 8 youth (12.3%) experienced some level of parent rights termination before entering care.
- ✓ Youth had an average of 3.0 items reported on the CPC at intake. The most frequently reported items on the CPC were hyperactive/inattentive behaviors (20.9%) and school learning problems (19.6%).
- ✓ The youth's family had an average FPC score of 3.9 items reported. Two of the most frequently reported items were suspected neglect of child (52.6%) and caregiver substance abuse (31.1%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 1,205 youth discharged from Treatment Foster Care programs.
- ✓ The average length of stay in Foster Care programs was about 10 months (*Mean* = 331.9 days). Half of all the youth were in care for around 6 months or less (*Median* = 186.0 days).
- ✓ At discharge, youth had an average of 3.3 items reported on the CPC; the most frequently reported items were failure to follow instructions (23.6%) and behaviors suggesting hyperactivity / inattention (20.8%).
- ✓ An average of 2.1 items was reported on the FPC, with the most frequently reported items suspected neglect of child (21.9%) and caregiver substance use (15.7%).
- ✓ Almost 3 of every 4 youths aged 6 and older (72.1%, 392 youth) were rated as having positive educational outcomes.
- ✓ Of the 152 youths aged 16 and older, more than 1 in 3 (36.2%) were employed.
- ✓ About 9 of every 10 youth were discharged to a similar or less restrictive placement (88.5%).
- ✓ Almost all youth being discharged from care had a case plan (97.8%). Of those with a case plan, just over half of the youth met their permanency or concurrent goals (57.9%).
- ✓ For nature of discharge, 7 of every 10 youth were discharged as planned (70.6%).

Follow-up I

- ✓ Over one of five eligible youth (21.2% or 121 out of 572) were contacted at follow-up I.
 - Nearly all youth (96.8%) had positive educational outcomes reported.
 - Since discharge, most all of the youth had no new abuse substantiated (95.7%) or newly substantiated abuse in the home (99.1%) and nearly all had no new court involvement (95.7%).
 - Nearly 9 of every 10 youth (86.7%) were in a similar or less restrictive setting.

2018 Program Outcomes: Treatment Foster Care Programs

Intake (N = 1,451)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	7.1
Gender	
Male	51.6%
Female	48.4%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	54.3%
African American	30.4%
Hispanic	3.9%
Other	11.4%
Average # prior placements	1.8
Previous home based services	28.9%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	81.8%
Physical abuse	13.0%
Sexual abuse	6.9%
Witness to domestic violence	20.5%
Child in Need of Services	83.6%
Delinquent	1.2%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	0.6%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.3%
Have children	1.0%
Grade retention	7.2%
Special education	12.7%
Psychotropic medication	18.9%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	43.4%
Incarceration history	26.8%
Psychiatric diagnosis	5.7%
Single parent family	28.9%
Parent rights terminated	12.3%
For one parent	2.2%
For both parents	9.5%
For adoptive parents	0.6%
Average Risk Factor Score	3.6

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=555)	3.3
Average CPC score (n=979)	3.0
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Hyperactivity/inattentive	20.9%
School learning problems	19.6%
Failure to follow instructions	16.1%
Depression / withdrawn	16.0%
Peer relationships	14.7%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=722)	0.65
Average FPC score (n=1,192)	3.9
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Neglect suspected	52.6%
Caregiver substance abuse	31.1%
Caregiver judgement impaired	26.3%
Lack of family housing	19.8%
Children unsupervised	19.2%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	75.6%	66.9%
Adoption	10.4%	20.5%
Emancipation / independent living	2.1%	5.1%
Permanent custodial relationship	1.0%	0.8%
Legal guardianship	0.5%	1.0%
Other planned permanent arrangement	2.5%	3.7%
Placement without case plan	7.6%	1.9%
No case plan required by referral	0.2%	0.1%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	0.2%	0.1%
Private	0.0%	0.0%
Other / not specified	0.0%	0.0%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge

(N = 1,205)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=440)	3.5
Average CPC score (n=846)	3.3
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	23.6%
Hyperactive/Inattentive	20.8%
School learning problems	20.1%
Verbally aggressive	19.5%
Peer relationship problems	18.3%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=742)	0.42
Average FPC score (n=960)	2.1
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Neglect suspected	21.9%
Caregiver substance use	15.7%
Caregiver judgment impaired	13.7%
Transportation lacking	12.9%
Lack of family supports	12.5%

Placement Outcomes (contd.)

Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	2.5%
Parent's home	32.6%
Relative's home	18.8%
Adoptive home	12.7%
Friend's home	1.4%
Regular foster care	13.8%
Treatment foster care	5.7%
Emergency shelter	2.6%
Group home	0.6%
Residential treatment center	2.9%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.8%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.2%
Intensive treatment unit	0.6%
Detention / correctional center	0.4%
Jail	0.2%
Other	1.0%
Runaway	3.2%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	331.9	186.0

Nature of Discharge*	
Planned	70.6
Removed by referral source	5.2
Administrative discharge	20.7
Runaway	3.3

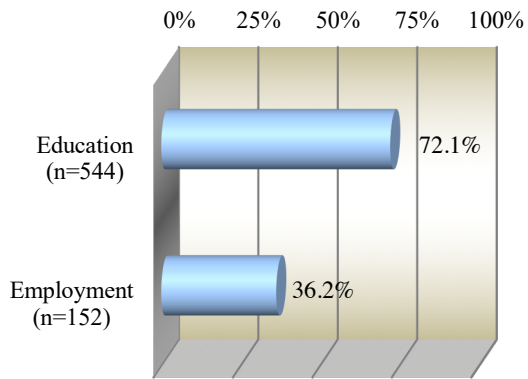
* Does not include the 3 youth who died while in care.

ROLES	
More restrictive	8.7%
Same restrictiveness	9.1%
Less restrictive	79.4%
Runaway	2.8%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	52.3%	53.5%
Yes, concurrent	4.3%	4.4%
No	41.2%	42.1%
No case plan	2.2%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	6.3%
Enrolled in K-12	51.2%
Home schooled	0.3%
Working on GED	0.7%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	0.7%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	0.4%
Obtained high school diploma	2.0%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.4%
Enrolled in college or university	1.3%
Youth expelled	0.8%
None apply	24.9%
Unknown	0.7%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

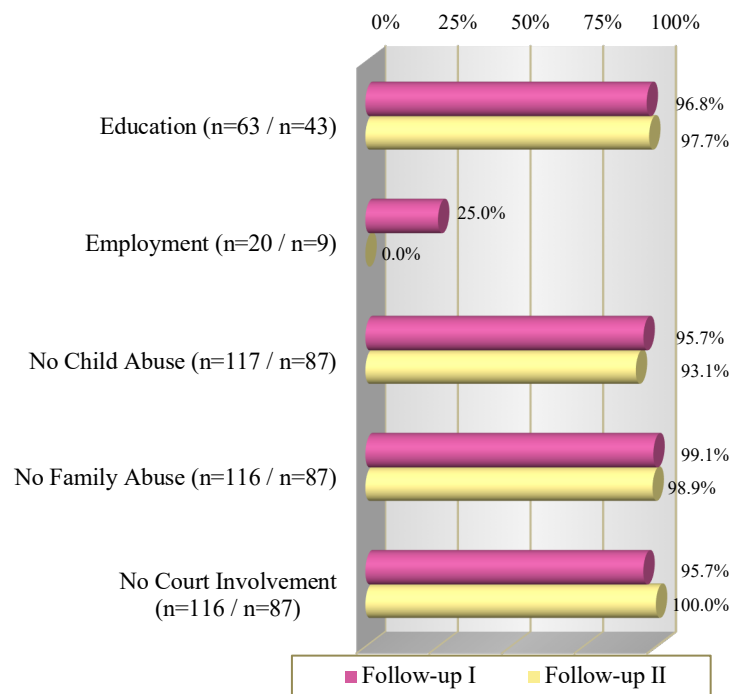
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
121	451	88	383

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=120	n=85
More restrictive	13.3%	29.4%
Same restrictiveness	74.2%	60.0%
Less restrictive	12.5%	10.6%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 511 youth entered Shelter Care programs in 2018.
- ✓ The average age of these youth was 14.5.
- ✓ Just over half (55.4%) of those entering shelter care programs were male (vs. 44.6% female).
- ✓ Just over 2/3 (67.1%) were Caucasian, while 1/6 were African American (16.8%). The proportion of Hispanic youth was just under 1 in 20 (4.9%) and about 1 in 9 were other races/ethnicities (11.2%).
- ✓ About 2 of every 5 youth were adjudicated delinquent (43.1%).
- ✓ Approximately 2 of 5 youth entering Shelter Care had a parent with an incarceration history (41.7%).
- ✓ About 3 out of every 7 youth entering Shelter Care had parents who have a history of substance abuse (42.7%).
- ✓ The average CPC score at intake was 7.7. At intake, failure to follow instructions was reported for more than 3 of every 4 youth (80.4%), while about 3 in 5 youth exhibit behaviors suggesting being depressed or withdrawn (63.2%). Over half ran away from placement (55.0%) and exhibited out-of-control behavior (51.1%). Just less than half were identified as being verbally aggressive (48.7%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 493 youth discharged from Shelter Care programs.
- ✓ The average length of stay was about 4 weeks (29.1 days). The *Median* length of stay was 2½ weeks (18.8 days).
- ✓ At discharge, youth in Shelter Care programs had an average CPC score of 6.3 items reported. Almost 7 of every 10 youth were identified with failing to follow instructions (68.4%) and 3 of every 5 youth were identified with depression or being withdrawn (58.0%).
- ✓ About 1 of every 4 youth (25.7%) had no case plan. Of those with a case plan, almost 3 of every 5 youth (59.0%) achieved either their permanency or concurrent goal.
- ✓ Just over 3 of every 5 youth (62.3%) were discharged to a less or similarly restrictive placement.
- ✓ Nearly 9 of every 10 youth leaving Shelter Care were discharged in accord with their treatment plan (88.0%).

Intake (N = 511)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	14.5
Gender	
Male	55.4%
Female	44.6%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	67.1%
African American	16.8%
Hispanic	4.9%
Other	11.2%
Average # prior placements	1.9
Previous home based services	37.8%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	34.8%
Physical abuse	29.7%
Sexual abuse	14.7%
Witness to domestic violence	25.7%
Child in Need of Services	34.4%
Delinquent	43.1%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	2.2%
Pregnant (all youth)	1.0%
Have children	1.4%
Grade retention	7.1%
Special education	23.9%
Psychotropic medication	40.7%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	42.7%
Incarceration history	41.7%
Psychiatric diagnosis	10.6%
Single parent family	62.7%
Parent rights terminated	21.2%
For one parent	6.4%
For both parents	14.6%
For adoptive parents	0.2%
Average Risk Factor Score	4.3

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=222)	3.3
Average CPC score (n=509)	7.7
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	80.4%
Depression / withdrawn	63.2%
Running away	55.0%
Out of control	51.1%
Verbally aggressive	48.7%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	50.5%	46.7%
Adoption	3.7%	2.0%
Emancipation / independent living	3.1%	3.7%
Permanent custodial relationship	2.9%	2.0%
Legal guardianship	0.8%	0.8%
Other planned permanent arrangement	17.4%	21.8%
Placement without case plan	8.8%	9.4%
No case plan required by referral	12.7%	13.5%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.2%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	7.8%	8.3%
Private	0.0%	0.2%
Other / not specified	4.9%	4.8%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 493)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=169)	3.4
Average CPC score (n=488)	6.3
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	68.4%
Depression / withdrawn	58.0%
Verbally aggressive	45.4%
Out of control	39.8%
School learning problems	39.4%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	29.1	18.8

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	88.0%
Removed by referral source	1.6%
Administrative discharge	7.6%
Runaway	2.9%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	1.6%
Parent's home	31.2%
Relative's home	6.9%
Adoptive home	0.2%
Friend's home	0.4%
Regular foster care	8.7%
Treatment foster care	1.6%
Emergency shelter	2.6%
Group home	5.7%
Residential treatment center	26.6%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.8%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.2%
Intensive treatment unit	1.0%
Detention / correctional center	7.7%
Jail	0.4%
Other	1.4%
Runaway	2.8%

ROLES	
More restrictive	35.5%
Same restrictiveness	4.9%
Less restrictive	57.4%
Runaway	2.2%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	41.2%	55.4%
Yes, concurrent	2.7%	3.6%
No	30.5%	41.0%
No case plan	25.7%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]

School Status [§]	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.0%
Enrolled in K-12	87.6%
Home schooled	0.0%
Working on GED	2.4%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	0.2%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	0.6%
Obtained high school diploma	0.0%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	0.0%
Youth expelled	0.8%
None apply	5.9%
Unknown	1.8%

[‡] Individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 207 youth entered Residential Care Programs Utilizing Public Schools in 2018.
- ✓ The average age for youth was 15.7 years.
- ✓ The percentage of males was just over 2 in 5 (43.7%); about 7 in 10 were Caucasian (69.4%).
- ✓ Fewer than half of the youth experienced reported or substantiated neglect (48.3%) and 1 in 3 experienced reported or substantiated physical abuse (33.8%). Just under half of the youth witnessed domestic violence (46.4%).
- ✓ Nearly 2 out of 3 youth had a parent with known substance abuse issues (65.2%). Approximately half of the youth served had a parent with an incarceration history (50.2%) and about half of the youth had come from a single-parent home (47.8%).
- ✓ In just over two-fifths of these youth, parent rights had been terminated for at least one parent (41.5%).
- ✓ An average of 6.8 items were reported on the CPC. The most frequently identified problems were being depressed / withdrawn (71.0%); failure to follow parental instructions (59.9%); being verbally aggressive (52.2%); peer relationship problems (44.0%); and being “out-of-control” (42.5%).
- ✓ The families of youth entering this program had an average of 3.3 FPC items reported. The three most frequently identified problems on the FPC were severe family conflict (34.8%); lack of family supports (30.9%); and caregiver judgment impaired (22.2%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 161 youth discharged from Residential Care Programs Utilizing Public Schools.
- ✓ The average length of stay was 7 months (*Mean* = 210.7 days). Half of the youth were in care for 5.5 months or less (*Median* = 165.0 days).
- ✓ An average of 4.0 items were reported on the CPC. The two most commonly identified items were being depressed / withdrawn (49.7%) and failure to follow directions (42.9%).
- ✓ Families of youth had an average FPC of 2.3 items reported. The more frequently identified problems on the FPC were severe family conflict (41.7%) and lack of family supports (23.6%).
- ✓ Over 4 in 5 youth (83.8%) were rated with a positive education outcome.
- ✓ Over 2 in 5 youth aged 16 and older (42.4%) were employed.
- ✓ Nearly 3 of every 4 youth were placed in a less or equally restrictive placement (73.8%).
- ✓ For the youth with permanency plans, approximately 3 in 5 (58.4%) met their primary or concurrent goal.
- ✓ Nearly 1 in 5 (19.4%) youth were administratively discharged.

Follow-up I

- ✓ About 2 of every 3 eligible youth (67.7% or 42 out of 62) were contacted at follow-up I.
 - 9 out of 10 youth contacted (90.0%) had positive educational outcomes.
 - Over half (53.3%) were employed.
 - Since discharge, nearly all youth reported no new abuse that was substantiated (97.6%).
 - About 3 of 4 youth (73.8%) were not involved with the court on new charges.
 - Nearly 9 of every 10 youth (87.9%) contacted remained in a less or similarly restrictive setting.

2018 Program Outcomes: Residential Programs Utilizing Public Schools

Intake

(N = 207)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	15.7
Gender	
Male	43.7%
Female	56.3%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	69.4%
African American	15.0%
Hispanic	2.9%
Other	12.7%
Average # prior placements	3.2
Previous home based services	49.8%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	48.3%
Physical abuse	33.8%
Sexual abuse	27.5%
Witness to domestic violence	46.4%
Child in Need of Services	47.3%
Delinquent	46.4%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	4.3%
Pregnant (all youth)	2.4%
Have children	2.4%
Grade retention	13.6%
Special education	32.9%
Psychotropic medication	53.6%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	65.2%
Incarceration history	50.2%
Psychiatric diagnosis	19.8%
Single parent family	47.8%
Parent rights terminated	41.5%
For one parent	11.0%
For both parents	28.5%
For adoptive parents	2.0%
Average Risk Factor Score	5.8

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=177)	3.9
Average CPC score (n=207)	6.8
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Depression / withdrawn	71.0%
Failure to follow instructions	59.9%
Verbally aggressive	52.2%
Peer relationship problems	44.0%
Out of control	42.5%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=132)	0.46
Average FPC score (n=153)	3.3
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Severe family conflict	34.8%
Lack of family supports	30.9%
Caregiver judgement impaired	22.2%
Children unsupervised	21.3%
Caregiver uninvested	20.8%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	41.5%	47.8%
Adoption	3.9%	4.4%
Emancipation / independent living	25.6%	25.8%
Permanent custodial relationship	0.0%	0.0%
Legal guardianship	0.5%	0.6%
Other planned permanent arrangement	14.0%	11.9%
Placement without case plan	4.8%	3.1%
No case plan required by referral	9.7%	6.3%
Department of Correction	0.5%	0.6%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	7.7%	5.0%
Private	0.5%	0.0%
Other / not specified	1.0%	0.7%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge

(N = 161)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=114)	3.9
Average CPC score (n=159)	4.0
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Depression / withdrawn	49.7%
Failure to follow instructions	42.9%
Verbally aggressive	42.2%
Peer relationship problems	41.0%
Hyperactive/inattentive	26.7%
Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=97)	0.38
Average FPC score (n=101)	2.3
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	23.6%
Caregiver unemployed	14.9%
Severe family conflict	13.7%
Caregiver judgment impaired	13.0%
Caregiver substance use	13.0%
Transportation lacking	13.0%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	210.7	165.0

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	63.7%
Removed by referral source	10.0%
Administrative discharge	19.4%
Runaway	6.9%

Placement Outcomes (contd.)

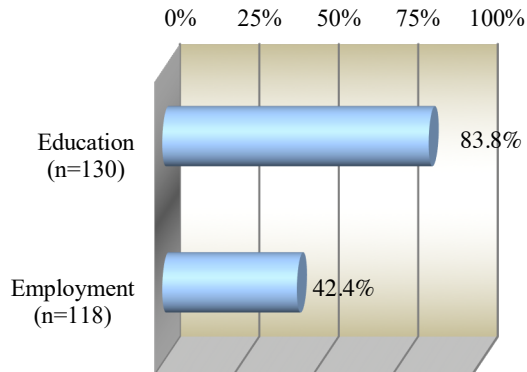
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	9.5%
Parent's home	31.2%
Relative's home	9.4%
Adoptive home	1.8%
Friend's home	5.3%
Regular foster care	8.8%
Treatment foster care	1.2%
Emergency shelter	2.9%
Group home	1.2%
Residential treatment center	9.4%
In-patient in medical hospital	1.2%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	1.2%
Detention / correctional center	8.2%
Jail	0.6%
Other	0.6%
Runaway	7.6%

ROLES	
More restrictive	20.0%
Same restrictiveness	3.8%
Less restrictive	70.0%
Runaway	6.3%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	48.4%	54.2%
Yes, concurrent	3.8%	4.2%
No	37.1%	41.5%
No case plan	10.7%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.0%
Enrolled in K-12	62.7%
Home schooled	0.0%
Working on GED	7.5%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	1.2%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	11.2%
Obtained high school diploma	8.7%
Enrolled in vocational training program	1.9%
Enrolled in college or university	5.6%
Youth expelled	1.2%
None apply	2.5%
Unknown	0.0%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

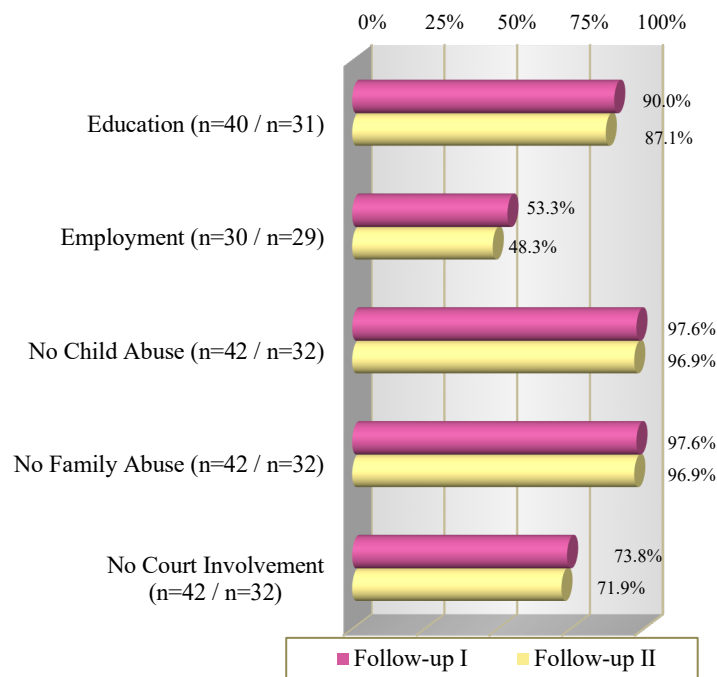
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
42	20	33	24

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=41	n=32
More restrictive	12.2%	18.8%
Same restrictiveness	65.9%	56.3%
Less restrictive	22.0%	25.0%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 697 youth entered Residential Care Programs with Public and On-ground Schools in 2018.
- ✓ On average, youth entering programs were 15.2 years of age; nearly 7 in ten were male (68.4%) and more than 3 of every 4 youth were Caucasian (75.9%).
- ✓ Just over 3 of every 5 youth (63.3%) were adjudicated as delinquent.
- ✓ Approximately 3 of every 10 youth had experienced substantiated or reported neglect (33.6%), or experienced reported / substantiated physical abuse (33.0%). More than 1 in 3 youth witnessed domestic violence (36.9%). About 1 of every 5 youth had histories of reported / substantiated sexual abuse (20.8%).
- ✓ Just over half of the youth were taking psychotropic medication (53.5%).
- ✓ Just over 1 in 3 youth had history or were receiving special education assistance (35.3%).
- ✓ About 1 of every 4 youth had a parent whose rights had been terminated (24.2%).
- ✓ Over half of the youth (61.4%) came from a single parent family or had a parent with substance abuse issues (54.7%).
- ✓ Just under half of youth had a parent with an incarceration history (45.1%).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 9.2. Items most frequently identified were: failure to follow instructions (80.2%), being depressed / withdrawn (60.5%), verbal aggression (60.5%), problems with school attendance (56.5%), or peer relationship problems (56.2%).
- ✓ An average of 3.1 items were identified on the FPC. The two most frequently identified items were severe family conflict (48.5%) and lack of family supports (38.0%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 697 youth discharged from Residential Care Programs with Public and On-ground Schools.
- ✓ The average length of stay was about 8.4 months (253.0 days), and the *Median* length was approximately 6.5 months (197 days).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 4.7. The two most frequently identified problems were failing to follow instructions (51.1%) and peer relationship problems (47.6%).
- ✓ The average on the FPC was 2.1 items reported. The two most commonly identified items were lack of family supports (30.1%) and severe family conflict (23.8%).
- ✓ Nearly 9 of every 10 youth (89.1%) were rated with a positive education outcome.
- ✓ Of the 427 youth aged 16 and older, fewer than 1 in 5 (18.5%) were employed.
- ✓ Of the discharged youth with a permanency plan, approximately 7 of every 10 (68.6%) achieved either their primary or concurrent plan.
- ✓ About 4 of every 5 youth (82.2%) were placed in a less or equally restrictive setting.

Follow-up I

- ✓ Nearly 3 in 5 of the eligible youth (57.4% or 282 out of 491) were contacted at follow-up I.
 - For the 262 youth on whom it was reported, almost 9 of every 10 (86.6%) had a positive educational outcome.
 - For the 178 youth on whom it was reported, 35.4% were employed.
 - Since discharge, most of the youth contacted had no new abuse substantiated (99.3%).
 - More than 7 of every 10 youth contacted had no new court involvement (72.8%).
 - More than 4 of every 5 youth (84.7%) remained in a less or similarly restrictive setting.

2018 Program Outcomes: Residential Programs Utilizing Public & On-Grounds Schools

Intake (N = 697)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	15.2
Gender	
Male	68.4%
Female	31.6%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	75.9%
African American	12.8%
Hispanic	4.2%
Other	7.1%
Average # prior placements	2.6
Previous home based services	50.4%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	33.6%
Physical abuse	33.0%
Sexual abuse	20.8%
Witness to domestic violence	36.9%
Child in Need of Services	20.8%
Delinquent	63.3%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	2.3%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.7%
Have children	2.4%
Grade retention	11.1%
Special education	35.3%
Psychotropic medication	53.5%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	54.7%
Incarceration history	45.1%
Psychiatric diagnosis	22.7%
Single parent family	61.4%
Parent rights terminated	24.2%
For one parent	6.8%
For both parents	16.7%
For adoptive parents	0.7%
Average Risk Factor Score	5.2

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=364)	3.3
Average CPC score (n=697)	9.2
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	80.2%
Depression / withdrawn	60.5%
Verbally aggressive	60.5%
School attendance problems	56.5%
Peer relationship problems	56.2%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=527)	0.46
Average FPC score (n=592)	3.1
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Severe family conflict	48.5%
Lack of family supports	38.0%
Children unsupervised	31.1%
Caregiver judgment impaired	19.4%
Transportation lacking	18.5%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	60.3%	60.1%
Adoption	3.2%	2.9%
Emancipation / independent living	6.0%	7.0%
Permanent custodial relationship	3.0%	4.0%
Legal guardianship	1.9%	1.6%
Other planned permanent arrangement	9.3%	10.8%
Placement without case plan	5.7%	4.0%
No case plan required by referral	10.6%	9.6%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.1%
Department of Education	0.3%	0.7%
Probation	5.6%	5.0%
Private	2.9%	3.3%
Other / not specified	1.8%	0.5%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 697)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=363)	3.6
Average CPC score (n=695)	4.7
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	51.1%
Peer relationship problems	47.6%
Verbally aggressive	43.9%
Depression / withdrawn	37.7%
Hyperactive/inattentive	32.1%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=555)	0.39
Average FPC score (n=600)	2.1
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	30.1%
Severe family conflict	23.8%
Transportation lacking	23.2%
Children unsupervised	23.1%
Caregiver judgment impaired	14.3%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	253.0	197.0

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	76.1%
Removed by referral source	8.0%
Administrative discharge	12.6%
Runaway	3.2%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

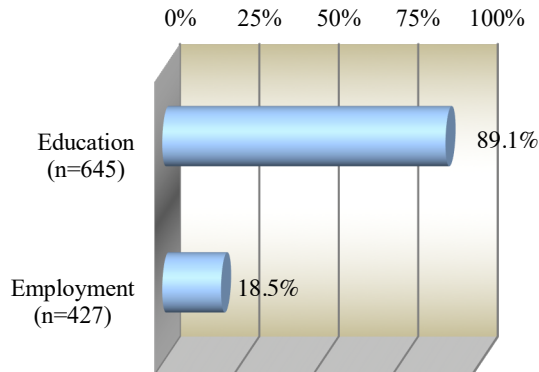
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	1.6%
Parent's home	43.0%
Relative's home	11.4%
Adoptive home	2.7%
Friend's home	0.4%
Regular foster care	6.2%
Treatment foster care	0.7%
Emergency shelter	0.5%
Group home	6.8%
Residential treatment center	8.4%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.9%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	2.8%
Detention / correctional center	10.7%
Jail	0.4%
Other	0.0%
Runaway	3.3%

ROLES	
More restrictive	14.9%
Same restrictiveness	8.0%
Less restrictive	74.2%
Runaway	2.9%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	52.6%	61.4%
Yes, concurrent	6.2%	7.2%
No	26.9%	31.4%
No case plan	14.4%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.1%
Enrolled in K-12	78.0%
Home schooled	0.0%
Working on GED	6.9%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	0.6%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.4%
Obtained GED	4.7%
Obtained high school diploma	5.6%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	1.0%
Youth expelled	0.1%
None apply	1.4%
Unknown	0.0%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

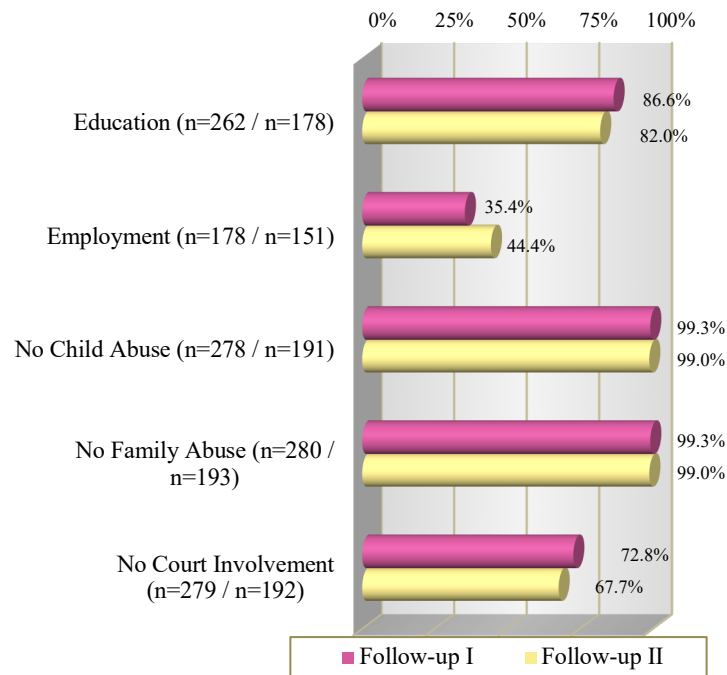
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
282	209	199	238

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=277	n=196
More restrictive	17.3%	15.3%
Same restrictiveness	59.9%	52.0%
Less restrictive	21.7%	32.7%
Runaway	1.1%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 434 youth entered Residential Care Locked and Staff Secure Programs in 2018.
- ✓ Average age was 14.6 years. Just over half were male (54.1%) and just under 2 out of 3 (65.2%) were Caucasian.
- ✓ Just over 2 of every 5 youth entering care was classified as CHINS (41.9%), and more than 4 in 9 were adjudicated delinquent (45.9%).
- ✓ Substantiated or suspected histories of abuse were seen in: nearly half of youth for neglect (49.5%); about than 1 in 3 for physical abuse (35.7%), about 3 in 7 for domestic violence (44.1%), and just under 1 in 3 (30.0%) for sexual abuse.
- ✓ About 3 in 5 youth were taking psychotropic medication (59.7%).
- ✓ Nearly 2 of every 5 youth had received special education assistance (36.9%).
- ✓ Nearly 3 in every 5 youth had a parent with substance abuse issues (59.0%).
- ✓ Nearly half of youth entering these programs had a parent with incarceration history (45.2%).
- ✓ One-third of youth had at least one parent whose rights had been terminated (33.5%).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 10.5; items most frequently identified were failing to follow instructions (81.8%), appearing depressed / withdrawn (77.9%), verbal aggression (75.6%), peer relationship problems (66.6%), and out of control behavior (60.4%).
- ✓ The average number of items identified on the FPC was 3.7. The two most frequently reported items were severe family conflict (41.9%) and lack of family supports (35.3%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 373 youth discharged from Residential Care with Locked and Staff Secure Programs.
- ✓ The average length of stay was about 7 months (211.5 days), and half were in care for about 6 months or less (*Median*=182.8 days).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 6.3. The most frequently identified problems were appearing depressed / withdrawn (57.6%), verbal aggression (57.6%), failure to follow instructions (55.5%), peer relationship problems (53.6%), and hyperactivity/inattention (33.8%).
- ✓ The average score on the FPC was 2.6. The two most commonly identified family problems were lack of family supports (35.7%) and severe family conflict (27.1%).
- ✓ Over 4 in 5 youth had a positive education outcome rated (81.7%).
- ✓ About 4 in 5 youth (79.9%) were placed in a setting that was less restrictive.
- ✓ Discharges were planned for more than 7 of every 10 youth (71.3%).

Follow-up I

- ✓ More than half of the eligible youth (55.7% or 142 out of 255) were contacted at follow-up I.
 - For the 129 youth on whom it was reported, over 9 of every 10 (92.2%) had a positive educational outcome.
 - For the 80 youth on whom it was reported, 18.8% were employed.
 - For the 141 youth on whom it was reported, most had no new abuse substantiated (98.6%).
 - For the 141 youth on whom it was reported, over 3 in 4 (77.3%) were not in court on new charges.
 - Almost than 9 of every 10 youth (87.2%) contacted were in a similar or less restrictive setting than their placement upon discharge.

2018 Program Outcomes: Residential Locked and Staff Secure Programs

Intake

(N = 434)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	14.6
Gender	
Male	54.1%
Female	45.9%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	65.2%
African American	22.4%
Hispanic	4.8%
Other	7.6%
Average # prior placements	3.2
Previous home based services	52.3%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	49.5%
Physical abuse	35.7%
Sexual abuse	30.0%
Witness to domestic violence	44.1%
Child in Need of Services	41.9%
Delinquent	45.9%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	0.5%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.2%
Have children	2.5%
Grade retention	13.7%
Special education	36.9%
Psychotropic medication	59.7%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	59.0%
Incarceration history	45.2%
Psychiatric diagnosis	30.9%
Single parent family	50.9%
Parent rights terminated	33.5%
For one parent	13.3%
For both parents	19.5%
For adoptive parents	0.7%
Average Risk Factor Score	5.8

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=358)	3.4
Average CPC score (n=434)	10.5
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Failure to follow instructions	81.8%
Depression / withdrawn	77.9%
Verbally aggressive	75.6%
Peer relationship problems	66.6%
Out of control	60.4%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=335)	0.50
Average FPC score (n=352)	3.7
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Severe family conflict	41.9%
Lack of family supports	35.3%
Children unsupervised	30.6%
Caregiver judgement impaired	24.4%
Neglect suspected	22.8%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	65.7%	60.9%
Adoption	6.9%	6.7%
Emancipation / independent living	3.9%	5.9%
Permanent custodial relationship	2.5%	3.8%
Legal guardianship	2.8%	3.2%
Other planned permanent arrangement	10.6%	9.4%
Placement without case plan	2.8%	3.2%
No case plan required by referral	4.8%	7.0%
Department of Correction	0.5%	0.5%
Department of Education	0.5%	0.3%
Probation	2.1%	2.4%
Private	1.8%	2.4%
Other / not specified	0.0%	1.4%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 373)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=293)	3.6
Average CPC score (n=373)	6.3
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Depression / withdrawn	57.6%
Verbally aggressive	57.6%
Failure to follow instructions	55.5%
Peer relationship problems	53.6%
Hyperactive / inattentive	33.8%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=277)	0.40
Average FPC score (n=284)	2.6
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	35.7%
Severe family conflict	27.1%
Transportation lacking	18.5%
Children unsupervised	17.2%
Caregiver judgment impaired	15.8%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	211.5	182.8

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	71.3%
Removed by referral source	9.9%
Administrative discharge	15.8%
Runaway	2.9 %

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

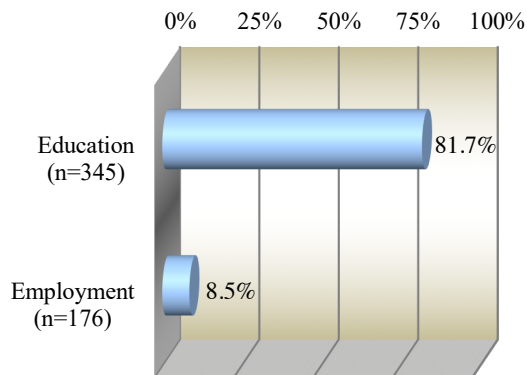
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	1.9%
Parent's home	26.3%
Relative's home	9.5%
Adoptive home	3.4%
Friend's home	0.5%
Regular foster care	9.5%
Treatment foster care	0.5%
Emergency shelter	0.8%
Group home	10.0%
Residential treatment center	19.5%
In-patient in medical hospital	1.8%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	3.4%
Detention / correctional center	9.5%
Jail	0.3%
Other	0.6%
Runaway	2.6%

ROLES	
More restrictive	11.0%
Same restrictiveness	7.0%
Less restrictive	79.9%
Runaway	2.1%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	41.0%	46.9%
Yes, concurrent	6.7%	7.7%
No	39.7%	45.4%
No case plan	12.6%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.3%
Enrolled in K-12	90.9%
Home schooled	0.5%
Working on GED	3.2%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	1.1%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	0.8%
Obtained high school diploma	0.5%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	0.3%
Youth expelled	0.0%
None apply	0.8%
Unknown	0.8%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

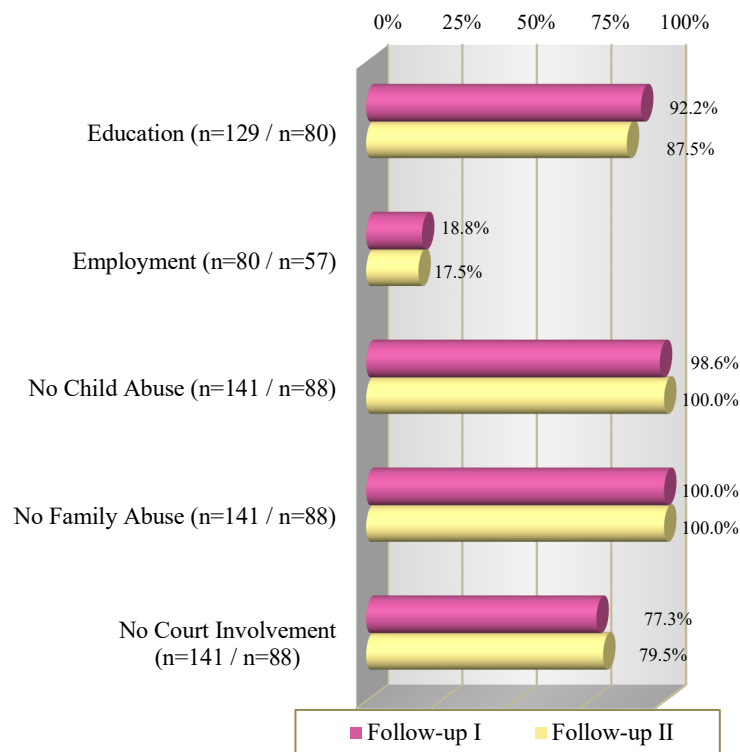
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
142	113	89	105

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=141	n=86
More restrictive	10.6%	10.5%
Same restrictiveness	70.2%	58.1%
Less restrictive	17.0%	30.2%
Runaway	2.1%	1.2%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 104 youth entered Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities in 2018.
- ✓ The average age was 13.3 years. More than 2 of every 5 youth were male (41.3%), while more than 3 of every 4 youth were Caucasian (77.9%).
- ✓ Nearly 4 of every 5 youth (77.9%) placed into Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities programs came from private referral agencies.
- ✓ Nearly all youth were on psychotropic medication (99.0%).
- ✓ Suspected or substantiated sexual abuse was reported in more than 2 of every 5 youth (44.2%). Approximately 2 of every 5 youth had witnessed domestic violence (38.8%), while suspected or substantiated physical abuse was identified in more than one-third of the cases (36.5%).
- ✓ More than one-half of youth had parents with identified substance use issues (49.0%).
- ✓ One in 3 youth had a parent with an incarceration history (31.7%) or a psychiatric diagnosis (31.7%).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 10.9. Frequently identified items were: self-injurious threats (90.4%), out of control behavior (83.7%), verbal aggression (82.7%), depression / withdrawn (81.7%), failure to follow instructions (78.8%), and peer relationship problems (78.8%).
- ✓ The average FPC score was 1.6. The most commonly endorsed items were severe family conflict (53.8%) and lack of family supports (34.6%).
- ✓ More than 2 of every 5 youth had experienced termination of parental rights (42.4%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 88 youth discharged from Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities.
- ✓ The average length of stay was nearly 6 months (*Mean* of 179.3 days). Half of the youth were in care for almost 5 ³/₄ months (*Median* of 169.0 days).
- ✓ The average CPC score was 4.6 with the most frequently identified items reported on more than 2 in 5 youth were: peer relationship problems (62.5%), depression/withdrawn (52.3%), verbal aggression (46.6%), and hyperactivity/inattention (44.3%).
- ✓ The average score of the FPC at discharge was 1.3 items. The most frequently identified items were lack of family supports (26.1%) and severe family conflict (26.1%).
- ✓ Nearly 9 in 10 youth were rated with a positive education outcome (88.4%).
- ✓ For the 20 youths aged 16 and older, 1 was employed (5.0%).
- ✓ Most all youth (94.3%) were placed in a less or similarly restrictive placement at discharge.
- ✓ Approximately 1 of every 8 youth entered this placement with a case plan (13.6% with a case plan or concurrent plan). For those with a plan, 4 in 5 (80.0%) achieved either their primary or concurrent permanency goal.

Follow-up I

- ✓ Nearly 3 of 4 of the eligible youth (73.5% or 61 out of 83) were contacted at follow-up I.
 - For the 61 youth on whom it was reported, more than 9 of every 10 (95.1%) had a positive educational outcome.
 - For the 26 youth on whom it was reported, 1 in 5 (19.2%) were employed.
 - For all of the youth contacted, almost no new abuse was substantiated (98.4%).
 - For all the 61 youth on whom it was reported, only one was in court on new charges (98.4% had no new court involvement).

2018 Program Outcomes: Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities

Intake

(N = 104)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	13.3
Gender	
Male	41.3%
Female	58.7%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	77.9%
African American	8.7%
Hispanic	6.7%
Other	6.7%
Average # prior placements	2.4
Previous home based services	19.2%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	27.9%
Physical abuse	36.5%
Sexual abuse	44.2%
Witness to domestic violence	38.8%
Child in Need of Services	10.6%
Delinquent	3.8%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	0.0%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.0%
Have children	0.0%
Grade retention	13.6%
Special education	34.6%
Psychotropic medication	99.0%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	49.0%
Incarceration history	31.7%
Psychiatric diagnosis	31.7%
Single parent family	43.3%
Parent rights terminated	42.4%
For one parent	11.1%
For both parents	31.3%
For adoptive parents	0.0%
Average Risk Factor Score	5.0

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=92)	3.7
Average CPC score (n=104)	10.9
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Self-injurious threats	90.4%
Out of control	83.7%
Verbally aggressive	82.7%
Depression / withdrawn	81.7%
Peer relationship problems	78.8%
Failure to follow instructions	78.8%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=98)	0.38
Average FPC score (n=101)	1.6
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Severe family conflict	53.8%
Lack of family supports	34.6%
Transportation lacking	12.5%
Caregiver judgment impaired	10.6%
Caregiver uninvested	10.6%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	4.8%	10.2%
Adoption	1.0%	1.1%
Emancipation / independent living	1.0%	0.0%
Permanent custodial relationship	1.0%	1.1%
Legal guardianship	0.0%	1.1%
Other planned permanent arrangement	3.8%	3.4%
Placement without case plan	6.7%	4.5%
No case plan required by referral	81.7%	78.4%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	2.9%	4.5%
Private	77.9%	64.8%
Other / not specified	0.9%	9.1%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge

(N = 88)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CYRM-12 score (n=73)	4.2
Average CPC score (n=87)	4.6
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Peer relationship problems	62.5%
Depression / withdrawn	52.3%
Verbally aggressive	46.6%
Hyperactive/inattentive	44.3%
Failure to follow instructions	38.6%

Family Clinical Functioning	
Average FRS score (n=84)	0.33
Average FPC score (n=85)	1.3
Five most frequently reported FPC items	
Lack of family supports	26.1%
Severe family conflict	26.1%
Transportation lacking	13.6%
Caregiver unemployed	13.6%
Caregiver judgment impaired	13.6%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	179.3	169.0

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	80.7
Removed by referral source	1.1%
Administrative discharge	18.2%
Runaway	0.0%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

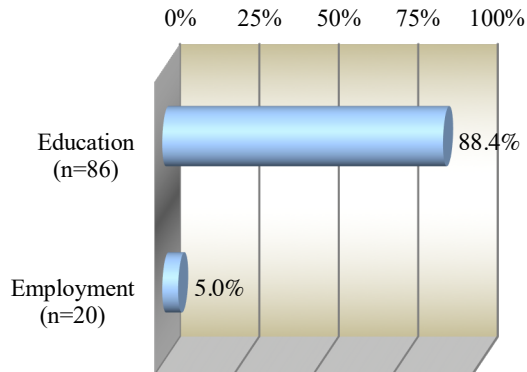
Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	0.0%
Parent's home	60.7%
Relative's home	15.7%
Adoptive home	11.2%
Friend's home	1.1%
Regular foster care	1.1%
Treatment foster care	0.0%
Emergency shelter	1.1%
Group home	1.1%
Residential treatment center	1.1%
In-patient in medical hospital	1.1%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	1.1%
Detention / correctional center	2.2%
Jail	0.0%
Other	2.2%
Runaway	0.0%

ROLES	
More restrictive	5.7%
Same restrictiveness	1.1%
Less restrictive	93.2%
Runaway	0.0%

Was permanency plan achieved?		
	Total sample	With plan
Yes	10.2%	60.0%
Yes, concurrent	3.4%	20.0%
No	3.4%	20.0%
No case plan	83.0%	

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]



School Status	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.0%
Enrolled in K-12	97.7%
Home schooled	0.0%
Working on GED	0.0%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	0.0%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	0.0%
Obtained high school diploma	0.0%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	0.0%
Youth expelled	0.0%
None apply	1.1%
Unknown	0.0%

[‡] Education and employment outcome variables at discharge are reported for the youth who are of appropriate age and who had a positive outcome. For School Status, individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

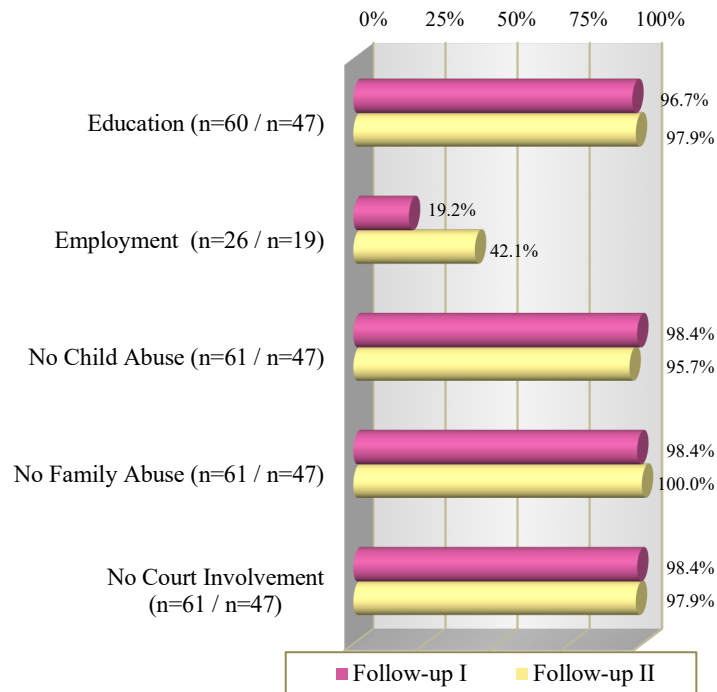
Follow-up I & Follow-up II

Follow-up I		Follow-up II	
Contacted	Not able to contact	Contacted	Not able to contact
61	22	47	23

Placement Outcomes

ROLES		
	Follow-up I	Follow-up II
Sample	n=61	n=46
More restrictive	4.9%	6.5%
Same restrictiveness	91.8%	87.0%
Less restrictive	3.3%	6.5%
Runaway	0.0%	0.0%

Functional Outcomes



Note: Sample sizes refer to number of cases at Follow-up I and Follow-up II

Intake

- ✓ Agencies reported that 360 youth entered Crisis Stabilization programs in 2018.
- ✓ Just over 2 of every 5 of the youth were male (42.2% male vs. 57.8% female).
- ✓ Just over 4 of every 5 youth were Caucasian (85.3%).
- ✓ About one-third of youth had previously received home-based services (35.0%).
- ✓ More than 4 in 5 youth (81.1%) entering Crisis Stabilization programs were privately placed.
- ✓ On average, youth had less than 1 placement (0.8).
- ✓ More than 3 in 5 youth were listed as having used psychotropic medications (62.2%).
- ✓ Two in 3 youth had a parent with a substance use history (66.7%).
- ✓ Nearly 3 in 4 of youth entering Crisis Stabilization programs had a parent with a history of psychiatric diagnosis (72.5%).
- ✓ The average Total Risk score was 4.4.
- ✓ The average CPC score was 8.1. The most frequently identified items were: self-injurious threats (84.4%), appearing depressed/withdrawn (82.8%), history of suicide attempts (79.7%), and self-injurious acts (74.4%).

Discharge

- ✓ In 2018, agencies reported on 356 youth discharged from Crisis Stabilization programs.
- ✓ The average CPC score was 2.4. The most frequently identified problem was appearing depressed/withdrawn (77.8%).
- ✓ The average length of stay was 7.3 days and half of the youth were in care for 6.3 days or less.
- ✓ Nearly all youth had a planned discharge (98.6%). Very few of the youth had a permanency plan (99.7% of youth had no permanency plan).
- ✓ Nearly all of the youth were placed into a similarly or less restrictive setting (99.4%).
- ✓ Seven in 10 youth were discharged to their parent's home (70.0%), while just over 1 in 8 went to a relative's home (13.5%). The rest of the youth were placed in other settings including (1) foster care (4.5%), (2) residential treatment centers (6.2%), (3) adoptive homes (4.2%), and (4) friend's homes (0.8%).

Intake
(N = 360)*

Characteristics & Risks

Characteristic or Risk	
Average Age	13.0
Gender	
Male	42.2%
Female	57.8%
Ethnicity	
Caucasian	85.3%
African American	2.8%
Hispanic	1.9%
Other	10.0%
Average # prior placements	0.8
Previous home based services	35.0%
Maltreatment History (known/suspected)	
Neglect	1.4%
Physical abuse	23.1%
Sexual abuse	25.3%
Witness to domestic violence	33.6%
Child in Need of Services	7.5%
Delinquent	0.6%
Child Risk Factors	
Pregnant (females)	0.0%
Pregnant (all youth)	0.0%
Have children	1.1%
Grade retention	14.7%
Special education	21.7%
Psychotropic medication	62.2%
Parent Risk Factors	
Substance abuse	66.7%
Incarceration history	36.9%
Psychiatric diagnosis	72.5%
Single parent family	61.9%
Parent rights terminated	12.2%
For one parent	5.8 %
For both parents	6.4%
For adoptive parents	0.0%
Average Risk Factor Score	4.4

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CPC score (n=360)	8.1
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Self-injurious threats	84.4%
Depression / withdrawn	82.8%
Suicide attempts	79.7%
Self-injurious acts	74.4%
Peer relationship problems	56.7%

Permanency Plan

Goal	Intake	Discharge
Reunification with parent	0.6%	0.3%
Adoption	0.0%	0.0%
Emancipation / independent living	0.0%	0.0%
Permanent custodial relationship	0.0%	0.0%
Legal guardianship	0.0%	0.0%
Other planned permanent arrangement	0.0%	0.0%
Placement without case plan	17.8%	17.4%
No case plan required by referral	81.7%	82.3%
Department of Correction	0.0%	0.0%
Department of Education	0.0%	0.0%
Probation	0.0%	0.0%
Private	81.1%	82.3%
Other / not specified	0.6%	0.0%

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data.

Discharge (N = 356)[†]

Clinical Functioning

Child Clinical Functioning	
Average CPC score (n=356)	2.4
Five most frequently reported CPC items	
Depression / withdrawn	77.8%
Hyperactive/inattentive	33.1%
Peer relationship problems	24.7%
Failure to follow instructions	21.9%
Inappropriate boundaries	13.8%

Placement Outcomes

	Mean	Median
Length of stay in days	7.3	6.3

Nature of Discharge	
Planned	98.6%
Removed by referral source	0.8%
Administrative discharge	0.3%
Runaway	0.3%

ROLES	
More restrictive	0.6%
Same restrictiveness	0.0%
Less restrictive	99.4%
Runaway	0.0%

Placement Outcomes (cont.)

Discharged to:	Percent
Independent living	0.0%
Parent's home	70.0%
Relative's home	13.5%
Adoptive home	4.2%
Friend's home	0.8%
Regular foster care	4.5%
Treatment foster care	0.0%
Emergency shelter	0.3%
Group home	0.0%
Residential treatment center	6.2%
In-patient in medical hospital	0.0%
Drug / alcohol rehab center	0.0%
Intensive treatment unit	0.0%
Detention / correctional center	0.6%
Jail	0.0%
Other	0.0%
Runaway	0.0%

Functional Outcomes at Discharge[‡]

School Status [§]	Percent
Enrolled in preschool	0.0%
Enrolled in K-12	96.1%
Home schooled	2.0%
Working on GED	0.0%
Enrolled in high school vocational program	0.0%
Obtained certificate of completion	0.0%
Obtained GED	0.0%
Obtained high school diploma	0.0%
Enrolled in vocational training program	0.0%
Enrolled in college or university	0.0%
Youth expelled	1.1%
None apply	2.0%
Unknown	0.0%

[†] Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data.

[‡] Individual children may be counted in more than one category (e.g., obtained high school diploma and enrolled in college). In addition, school status may not have been noted for some children. Thus, the cumulative percentages may not equal 100%.

Summary and Conclusions

The IARCA Outcome Measures Project (the IOMP) has monitored children and youth placed into member agency programs across Indiana since 1998, examining characteristics of these youth and their families and the outcomes of services provided. An Annual Report and Executive Summary that provide aggregated information have been published since this time. This Annual Report containing data from 2018 provides benchmark information for this year on the following 12 broad programs and program subtypes: Transitional Living; Day Treatment; Home-Based; Traditional Family Foster Care; Treatment Foster Care; Shelter Care; Residential Programs Utilizing Public Schools; Residential Programs Utilizing Both Public and On-Grounds Schools; Residential Locked and Staff-Secure Programs; Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities; Crisis Stabilization; and Outpatient Treatment.

The youth for which the current year's data have been collected are, in many ways, similar to those for whom data has been collected in previous years; many entering care have histories of multiple challenges that reflect both child and family specific concerns. In addition, youth leaving care are more likely to demonstrate more positive status in clinical, functional and placement domains than youth entering care. While changes can't be attributed to services, placement, and/or participation in any program, it remains worth noting that many children and youth leaving care receive positive ratings for behavior, participation in school and work settings, and are placed in environments with less restriction.

While trends suggesting some level of similarity are seen, youth leaving care in 2018 have some noticeable differences. For example, continuing a trend documented in 2016, youth in 2018 were noted for the length of time in Transitional Living. Prior to 2016, the average (*Mean*) length of stay for all previous years ranged from 197.1 to 267.0 days. Consistent with data from 2017, which showed average length of stay in Transitional Living was 364.6 days, the length of stay in 2018 was 352.8 days. There was a notable increase in length of stay in Residential Care, as 2018 data showed an average length of stay of 231.2 days, whereas in 2017 this number was 191.6 days (average increase of 39.6 days). Similarly, in Foster Care the 2018 number was 343.7 days, whereas in 2017 this average was 292.3 days (average increase of 51.4 days), and in Day Treatment, the average length of stay increased by 44.7 days (in 2018, the average was 179.3 days, while in 2017, this number was 134.6). It is also worth noting that the *Median* length of stay in

these programs fluctuated from 2017 to 2018, such that in 2018 there was a minimal decrease shown in Transitional Living (4.5 fewer days), and an increase in Day Treatment (56.0 more days), Foster Care (17.5 more days) and Residential Care (20.3 more days), meaning that while the numbers are different, they suggest that a small number of cases are influencing the average value.

Similarly, there were some differences seen in characteristics of youth entering care, with an increase noted between 2017 and 2018 in the youth in Transitional Living, Foster Care, Residential Care, and Shelter Care having a greater likelihood of termination of parental rights, and in many programs, having had access to previous home-based services (increases seen in Transitional Living, Day Treatment, Residential Care and Crisis Stabilization and decreases seen in Home Based and Shelter Care programs). Plus, fluctuations were seen in the number of previous placements, with noted increases seen in all program types. These changes should be monitored in the future.

Recommendations / Future Analyses

Although there have been changes over the twenty-one year time frame of the IOMP, e.g., in the types of programs and services evaluated, in the information that is collected, and how the information is shared with the public, the IOMP could be examined to enhance its value to agencies, children and families served, and those who make decisions about the placement and care of these at risk children and youth. IARCA is currently engaged in an effort to make these changes, through its Outcomes Task Force. The task force is working with IARCA to prepare substantive revisions to the methods by which information is collected, including the focus of the IOMP, to enhance the methods by which information is obtained on children, youth and their families served. We will present some of these ideas and also offer a few suggestions, as this effort is designed to examine and revise the methods by which care is monitored more broadly to most effectively serve the publics with whom IARCA member agencies interact.

- Understanding what the information collected represents: In 1996, when the IOMP was conceptualized, one of its initial foci was the demonstration of outcomes in out-of-home placements. In the twenty-plus years since then, many changes have occurred both in the care delivery system, as well as in communities and society. Identifying if the goals of the IOMP remain relevant to all stakeholders is crucial. An example of such an examination is

the ongoing Outcomes 2020 project to determine if the IOMP is providing useful information, and plans for modifications to the instruments used.

- Understanding if the data are representative of youth who are in care: It has been noted that the number of IARCA member agencies participating in the IOMP has decreased, especially across the last 10 years. Understanding whether this change impacts the representativeness of youth placed in care is recommended, as changes in participating agencies could impact the results that are obtained.
- Examining the consistency of the data: It has been noted that there are issues where methods of data recording may inadvertently introduce error. An example of this is the use of the same number for both valid responses and missing data, an artifact of the automated data collection system. A review of recording methods is therefore suggested.
 - Examining the tools used to collect information: Some of the measurement tools used by the IOMP do not have substantive psychometric support and some have not been examined since the pilot phase of the study, more than twenty years ago. While some reviews have occurred since, a more thorough examination of scales used is recommended.
 - Examining the consistency of method of collecting information: An example of this is in follow-up information. Recognizing that it may be difficult to contact youth after leaving care, the data do not clearly define if a youth was contacted. Although the evaluators developed an algorithm to ascertain if information is included in the follow-up samples, the strategy developed should be examined for consistency and accuracy.

These recommendations are made to enhance the value of the IOMP from an evaluation perspective. It is critical that an assessment of the value of the information provided occur from those whom the project impacts, so that it will be a tool to monitor the effectiveness of care and improve the lives of children, youth and their families.

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Appendix A: IARCA Outcome Measures Project Participating Agencies (2018)

Adult and Child Mental Health Center, Inc.
Ascension St. Vincent Anderson
Bashor Children's Home
Benchmark Family Services
Campagna Academy
Carina Group Home
Cary Home for Children
Centerstone / Foster Care Select / Dunn Center
Childplace
Children's Bureau
Clark County Youth Shelter & Family Services
Crossroad Child and Family Services
Dockside
Family Ark
Fayette Regional Care Pavilion
Gateway Woods
George Junior Republic
Gibault, Inc.
Group Homes for Children
Home of the Innocents
Life Choices Maternity & Youth Home, Inc.
Lifeline Youth & Family Services, Inc.
Lutheran Child & Family Services
Meridian Services Corp
Midwest Center for Youth and Families
National Youth Advocate Program
Oaklawn Psychiatric Center
Open Arms Family & Educational Services
Open Door Youth Services
Paddock View Residential Center
Park Center
Phoenix Institute
Polaris Group Home
Rescare Youth Services / Children's Sanctuary
SAFY-Specialized Alternatives for Families
& Youth
Shults-Lewis Child & Family Services
Southwest Indiana Regional Youth Village
St. Francis Center
Success Group Home
The Villages of Indiana, Inc.
United Methodist Youth Home
Vigo County Homes for Children
Wernle Youth & Family Treatment Center
White's Residential & Family Services
Whittington Homes and Services
Youth Encouragement Services
Youth Opportunity Center
Youth Services Bureau of Jay County, Inc.
Youth Services Center of Allen County

Appendix B: IARCA Outcome Task Force Members (2018)

Heather Angebrandt	Adult & Child Mental Health Center, Inc.
Steven Butera, MS, LMHC, Chair	Dockside Services, Inc.
Chris Daley	IARCA
Elaine Daniel	IARCA
Whitney Esarey	Family Ark
April Frieske, LMHC, LCAC	National Youth Advocate Program
Tonya Gonzales	Crossroad Child & Family Services
Michele Heiser	Rescare Youth Services/Children's Sanctuary
Mark Hess, MSW	IARCA
Jennifer James	Children's Bureau
Kristen Kinder	Bashor Children's Home
Deborah Kovach	The Villages
Chasity Mota	White's Residential & Family Services
Kristi Peterson	Childplace, Inc.
Brandon Scott	Indiana United Methodist Children's Home
Marjorie Vania	National Youth Advocate Program

Appendix C: Data Collection across the Program Types

Data Collection across the Program Types

	Home-Based & Day Treatment	Outpatient Treatment	Foster Care & Residential Care	Transitional Living	Shelter Care & Crisis Stabilization
Intake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ Demographics ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ Demographics ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ Demographics ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Demographics ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Demographics ➤ CYRM (SC only)
Discharge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Nature of Discharge ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ Satisfaction (All) ➤ Services ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Nature of Discharge ➤ Satisfaction (All) ➤ Services ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Nature of Discharge ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ Satisfaction (All) ➤ Services ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ ROLES ➤ Nature of Discharge ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ Satisfaction (Child, Referral Source) ➤ Services ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Difficulty of Child ➤ ROLES ➤ Nature of Discharge ➤ Satisfaction (CS – All; SC – Referral Source) ➤ Services ➤ CYRM (SC only)
Follow-up I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Three Months) ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Six Months) ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Six Months) ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Three Months) ➤ ROLES ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> N/A
Follow-up II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Six Months) ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Twelve Months) ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Twelve Months) ➤ Difficulty of Family ➤ ROLES ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Six Months) ➤ ROLES ➤ Education ➤ Employment ➤ New Abuse ➤ New Court ➤ CYRM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> N/A

KEY:

Difficulty of Child = Child Problem Checklist if age 4 or older; Difficulty of Family = Family Risk Scales, Family Problem Checklist (at follow-up I and II, Family Risk Scales only); Demographics = Child Risk Factor Survey; ROLES = Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scales; Nature of Discharge = Nature of Discharge, Permanency Plan Met; Education = Education Outcome; Employment = Employed if age 16 or older; Satisfaction = Child Survey, Family Survey, Referral Source Survey; Services = Services Form; CYRM = Child and Youth Resilience Measure.

Appendix D. Primary Referral Source - By Program Type & Subtype (2018)

Primary Referral Source – By Program Type & Subtype (2018)

Primary Referral Source - by program type (2018)	Primary Referral Source					
	Department of Child Services	Department of Corrections	Department of Education	Probation	Private	Other
All Programs	62.3	0.3	0.4	24.0	6.2	6.8
Transitional Living	91.8	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0
Day Treatment	10.4	0.0	7.7	44.0	17.0	20.9
Home Based	73.0	0.1	0.0	23.6	0.6	2.8
Traditional Foster Care	99.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Treatment Foster Care	98.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.3
Shelter Care	45.2	0.0	0.0	51.1	3.3	0.4
Residential Programs - Public Schools	56.0	0.5	0.0	43.0	0.5	0.0
Residential Programs - Public & On-Grounds Schools	26.1	1.6	0.6	65.1	4.9	1.7
Residential Locked and Secure Care	47.9	0.5	0.9	46.1	1.6	3.0
Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities	14.4	0.0	0.0	2.9	82.7	0.0
Crisis Stabilization	2.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	20.6	76.9
Outpatient Treatment	18.5	0.0	0.0	6.2	64.2	11.1
* Numbers represent percentages. Rounding may result in total percentages that minimally deviate from 100%.						

Appendix E. Child Risk Factor Survey - By Program Type (2018)

Child Risk Factor Survey - By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home-Based	Foster Care	Shelter Care	Residential Care	Crisis Stab.	Outpatient Treatment
Intake packets*	5,817	134	182	1,158	1,462	511	1,442	360	162
Age (<i>Mean</i>)	11.1	17.2	14.3	10.2	6.8	14.5	14.9	13.0	11.0
Gender									
Male	54.1	36.6	73.6	55.4	51.3	55.4	58.6	42.2	56.8
Female	45.9	63.4	26.4	44.6	48.7	44.6	41.4	57.8	43.2
Ethnicity									
Caucasian	61.9	68.7	45.6	51.0	55.2	67.1	71.9	85.3	67.9
African-American	20.0	19.4	36.3	17.0	29.2	16.8	15.7	2.8	11.7
Hispanic	4.2	2.2	12.1	4.4	3.5	4.9	4.4	1.9	4.9
Other	13.9	9.6	6.0	27.6	12.1	11.2	8.1	10.0	15.4
# Previous placements (<i>Mean</i>)	1.8	2.1	0.5	0.9	2.7	1.9	3.5	0.8	0.9
Past home-based services	35.4	47.0	20.3	33.2	27.3	37.8	48.7	35.0	16.7
Pregnant	0.6	3.7	0.5	0.7	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.0	0.6
Have child(ren)	1.5	9.0	1.6	1.0	0.6	1.4	2.3	1.1	0.6
CHINS	51.5	59.0	15.4	54.7	81.4	34.4	30.2	7.5	18.5
Delinquent	22.1	9.7	21.4	21.1	1.0	43.1	51.3	0.6	6.2
Neglect	52.4	45.5	5.5	53.3	83.5	34.8	40.1	1.4	23.5
Physical abuse	20.9	19.4	8.8	15.1	12.9	29.7	34.2	23.1	8.6
Sexual abuse	14.0	8.2	11.0	8.5	5.5	14.7	26.2	25.3	11.1
Witness domestic violence	30.2	33.6	12.6	34.9	22.8	25.7	40.4	33.6	17.9
Grade retention	11.2	6.8	14.9	14.1	3.9	7.1	12.3	14.7	11.8
Special education	21.3	16.4	40.7	14.4	12.2	23.7	35.3	21.7	20.4
Psychotropic medication	32.2	8.2	18.1	16.8	17.2	40.7	58.7	62.2	25.3
Parent substance abuse	52.2	48.5	21.4	59.6	45.3	42.7	57.1	66.7	37.0
Parent incarceration	38.4	44.0	13.2	46.5	29.8	41.7	44.9	36.9	38.9
Parent psychiatric diagnosis	19.4	14.2	1.6	22.4	7.8	10.6	25.4	72.5	18.5
Single-parent family	47.4	40.3	36.8	54.8	29.4	62.6	55.0	61.9	53.1
Parental rights terminated	17.5	43.6	16.8	9.4	12.0	21.2	30.7	12.2	14.9
One parent	5.5	18.8	7.8	3.8	2.0	6.4	9.6	5.8	5.0
Both parents	11.6	23.8	8.4	5.4	9.5	14.6	20.3	6.4	9.9
Adoptive parents	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.9	0.0	0.0
Risk Score (<i>Mean</i>)	4.3	4.0	2.4	4.2	3.7	4.3	5.4	4.4	3.0

* Sample size for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data. Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses.

Appendix F. Child Risk Factor Survey - By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Child Risk Factor Survey - By Foster Care / Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Foster Care Traditional	Foster Care Treatment		Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Intake packets*	1,868	417	1,451		1442	207	697	434	104
Age (<i>Mean</i>)	6.8	5.6	7.1		15.0	15.7	15.2	14.6	13.3
Gender									
Male	51.0	48.7	51.6		58.6	43.7	68.4	54.1	41.3
Female	49.0	51.3	48.4		41.4	56.3	31.6	45.9	58.7
Ethnicity									
Caucasian	55.5	59.7	54.3		71.9	69.4	75.9	65.2	77.9
African-American	28.5	21.8	30.4		15.7	15.0	12.8	22.4	8.7
Hispanic	3.6	2.6	3.9		4.4	2.9	4.2	4.8	6.7
Other	12.4	15.8	11.4		8.0	12.7	7.1	7.6	6.7
# Previous placements (<i>Mean</i>)	1.7	1.5	1.8		2.9	3.2	2.6	3.2	2.4
Past home-based services	28.5	26.9	28.9		48.6	49.8	50.4	52.3	19.2
Pregnant	0.2	0.0	0.3		0.7	2.4	0.7	0.2	0.0
Have child(ren)	0.9	0.7	1.0		2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0
CHINS	84.8	89.0	83.6		30.2	47.3	20.8	41.9	10.6
Delinquent	0.9	0.0	1.2		51.3	46.4	63.3	45.9	3.8
Neglect	83.4	89.0	81.8		40.1	48.3	33.6	49.5	27.9
Physical abuse	13.8	16.8	13.0		34.2	33.8	33.0	35.7	36.5
Sexual abuse	6.7	5.8	6.9		26.2	27.5	20.8	30.0	44.2
Witness domestic violence	22.6	29.7	20.5		40.6	46.4	36.9	44.1	38.8
Grade retention	7.3	7.8	7.2		12.4	13.6	11.1	13.7	13.6
Special education	12.5	11.8	12.7		35.3	32.9	35.2	36.9	34.6
Psychotropic medication	17.0	10.3	18.9		58.7	53.6	53.5	59.7	99.0
Parent substance abuse	48.3	65.2	43.4		57.1	65.2	54.7	59.0	49.0
Parent incarceration	29.7	39.8	26.8		44.9	50.2	45.1	45.2	31.7
Parent psychiatric diagnosis	7.2	12.5	5.7		25.4	19.8	22.7	30.9	31.7
Single-parent family	31.0	38.1	28.9		55.0	47.8	61.4	50.9	43.3
Parental rights terminated	11.4	8.4	12.3		30.8	41.5	24.2	33.5	42.4
One parent	2.2	2.0	2.2		9.7	11.0	6.8	13.3	11.1
Both parents	8.8	6.4	9.5		20.3	28.5	16.7	19.5	31.3
Adoptive parents	0.5	0.0	0.6		0.8	2.0	0.7	0.7	0.0
Risk Score (<i>Mean</i>)	3.7	4.2	3.6		5.5	5.8	5.2	5.8	5.0

* Sample size for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data. Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses.

Intake Child and Youth Resilience Measure (CYRM-12) - By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home Based	Foster Care	Shelter Care	Residential Care	Crisis Stab.	Outpatient Treatment
Completed Surveys	2,863	115	92	676	571	222	991	n/a	86
Completed by*									
Self-Report	79.2	60.4	74.2	77.2	26.1	87.5	67.6	n/a	96.9
Person Most Knowledgeable	20.8	39.6	25.8	22.8	73.9	12.5	32.4	n/a	3.1
Mean CYRM**	3.5	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.5	n/a	3.4

* The CYRM-12 is completed by either the youth or person deemed "most knowledgeable." **The mean CYRM-12 scores range from 1 to 5; higher scores are associated with higher reported resilience. n/a = not collected for this program.

Intake Child and Youth Resilience Measure (CYRM-12) - By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Traditional Foster Care	Treatment Foster Care		Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Completed Surveys	571	126	555		991	177	364	358	92
Completed by*									
Self-Report	26.1	71.2	77.6		67.6	86.0	78.8	65.7	96.2
Person Most Knowledgeable	73.9	28.8	22.4		32.4	14.0	21.2	34.3	3.8
Mean CYRM**	3.3	3.6	3.3		3.5	3.9	3.3	3.4	3.7

* The CYRM-12 is completed by either the youth or person deemed "most knowledgeable." **The Mean CYRM-12 scores range from 1 to 5; higher scores are associated with higher reported resilience. n/a = not collected for this program.

Appendix H. Child and Family Clinical Functioning at Intake* - By Program Type (2018)

Child and Family Clinical Functioning at Intake* - By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home-Based	Foster Care	Shelter Care	Residential Care	Crisis Stab.	Outpatient Treatment
Intake packets*	5,817	134	182	1,158	1,462	511	1,442	360	162
Clinical Outcomes									
CPC at intake (<i>Mean</i>)	6.1	3.2	4.6	4.3	3.0	7.7	9.4	8.1	4.7
FRS at intake (<i>Mean</i>)	0.52	n/a	0.46	0.46	0.63	n/a	0.47	n/a	0.39
FPC at intake (<i>Mean</i>)	3.6	n/a	1.7	3.5	4.3	n/a	3.2	n/a	1.6

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data. These clinical outcomes list the average score identified for the youth at program admission. The score is based upon the child's clinical functioning for the 12 months prior to admission.

CPC=Child Problem Checklist.

FRS=Family Risk Scales, Parent Centered Risk.

FPC=Family Problem Checklist.

n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type.

Appendix I. Child and Family Clinical Functioning at Intake* - By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Child and Family Clinical Functioning at Intake* - By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Foster Care Traditional	Foster Care Treatment		Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Intake packets*	1,462	417	1,451		1,442	207	697	434	104
Clinical Outcomes									
CPC at intake (<i>Mean</i>)	3.0	3.0	3.0		9.4	6.8	9.2	10.5	10.9
FRS at intake (<i>Mean</i>)	0.63	0.63	0.65		0.47	0.46	0.46	0.50	0.38
FPC at intake (<i>Mean</i>)	4.3	5.6	3.9		3.2	3.3	3.1	3.7	1.6

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of intake packets due to missing data. These clinical outcomes list the average score identified for the youth at program admission. The score is based upon the child's clinical functioning for the 12 months prior to admission.

CPC=Child Problem Checklist.

FRS=Family Risk Scales, Parent Centered Risk.

FPC=Family Problem Checklist.

Appendix J. Discharge Child and Youth Resilience Measure (CYRM-12) - By Program Type and by Foster Care & Residential Subtype (2018)

Discharge Child and Youth Resilience Measure (CYRM-12) - By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home-Based	Foster Care	Shelter Care	Residential Care	Crisis Stab.	Outpatient Treatment
Completed Surveys	2,374	87	46	578	584	169	843	n/a	67
Completed by:*									
Self-Report	39.3	37.9	50.0	48.1	19.9	60.9	39.0	n/a	77.6
Person Most Knowledgeable	60.7	62.1	50.0	51.9	80.1	39.1	61.0	n/a	22.4
Mean CYRM-12 Score	3.7	4.1	3.6	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.7	n/a	3.3

* The CYRM-12 is completed by either the youth or person deemed “most knowledgeable.”

** The Mean CYRM-12 scores range from 1 to 5; higher scores are associated with higher reported resilience.

n/a = data not collected for this program.

Discharge Child and Youth Resilience Measure (CYRM-12) - By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Traditional Foster Care	Treatment Foster Care		Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Completed Surveys	584	138	440		843	114	363	293	73
Completed by:*									
Self-Report	19.9	13.0	22.3		39.0	53.5	30.3	37.2	67.1
Person Most Knowledgeable	80.1	87.0	77.7		61.0	46.5	69.7	62.8	32.9
Mean CYRM-12 Score	3.5	3.7	3.5		3.7	3.9	3.6	3.6	4.2

* The CYRM-12 is completed by either the youth or person deemed “most knowledgeable.”

** The Mean CYRM-12 scores range from 1 to 5; higher scores are associated with higher reported resilience.

Appendix K. Discharge Outcome Summary - By Program Type (2018)

Discharge Outcome Summary - By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home-Based	Foster Care	Shelter Care	Residential Care	Crisis Stab.	Outpatient Treatment
Discharge packets*	5,147	110	126	1,063	1,556	493	1,319	356	124
Length of Stay: Mean	234.0	352.8	179.3	234.7	343.7	29.2	231.2	7.3	295.0
<i>Median</i>	147.5	274.0	128.0	166.8	187.5	18.8	186.3	6.3	213.0
Clinical Outcomes									
CPC at discharge (<i>Mean</i>)	4.0	2.7	3.9	2.7	3.3	6.3	5.1	2.4	4.8
FRS at discharge (<i>Mean</i>)	0.40	n/a	0.53	0.40	0.42	n/a	0.39	n/a	0.41
FPC at discharge (<i>Mean</i>)	2.2	n/a	1.8	2.2	2.2	n/a	2.2	n/a	2.2
Functional Outcomes									
Positive education at discharge	78.9	76.1	70.6	74.6	74.4	n/a	86.4	n/a	59.1
Employed at discharge	26.4	46.3	12.5	31.0	37.0	n/a	19.6	n/a	36.4
Placement Outcomes									
ROLES at discharge									
More restrictive	13.1	13.6	15.9	13.5	7.6	35.5	13.8	0.6	13.8
Similar restrictiveness	21.3	0.9	73.0	60.5	9.7	4.9	6.8	0.0	79.7
Less restrictive	63.5	75.5	11.1	24.7	80.5	57.4	76.6	99.4	6.5
Runaway	2.1	10.0	0.0	1.3	2.3	2.2	2.9	0.0	0.0
Permanency plan achieved	45.3	47.3	10.4	38.9	60.7	43.8	51.8	n/a	8.1
(only those with required plan)	61.3	61.2	72.2	57.2	62.0	59.0	63.2	n/a	83.3
Nature of discharge**									
Planned	73.9	65.5	87.2	62.4	73.0	88.0	73.6	98.6	54.0
Removed by referring source	5.0	6.4	0.8	3.8	5.0	1.6	8.4	0.8	8.9
Administrative discharge	18.4	15.5	12.0	32.0	19.1	7.6	14.7	0.3	34.7
Runaway	2.7	12.7	0.0	1.8	2.7	2.9	3.3	0.3	2.4

* Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses.

Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data. There were 6 cases placed in Foster Care that did not have the type of service provided; they are listed in the overall program results but not in the program sub-type (e.g., traditional versus treatment). Four youth died while in care (1 in Home-Based; 3 in Foster Care - Treatment). These cases are not included in the percentages reported.

CPC=Child Problem Checklist. FRS=Family Risk Scales, Parent Centered Risk. FPC=Family Problem Checklist

ROLES=Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scale. Permanency Plan achieved refers to either primary or concurrent plan achieved. Education/employment are reported for percent of youth who are of appropriate age.

n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type.

Appendix L: Discharge Outcome Summary – By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Discharge Outcome Summary - By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Traditional Foster Care	Foster Care Treatment		Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Discharge packets*	1,556	344	1,205		1,319	161	697	373	88
Length of Stay: Mean	343.7	347.9	331.9		231.2	210.7	253.0	211.5	179.2
<i>Median</i>	187.5	188.0	186.0		186.3	165.0	197.0	182.5	169.0
Clinical Outcomes									
CPC at discharge (<i>Mean</i>)	3.3	3.1	3.3		5.1	4.0	4.7	6.3	4.6
FRS at discharge (<i>Mean</i>)	0.42	0.41	0.42		0.39	0.38	0.39	0.40	0.33
FPC at discharge (<i>Mean</i>)	2.2	2.4	2.1		2.2	2.3	2.1	2.6	1.3
Functional Outcomes									0
Positive education at discharge	74.4	82.0	72.1		86.4	83.8	89.1	81.7	88.4
Employed at discharge	37.0	35.3	36.2		19.6	42.4	18.5	8.5	5.0
Placement Outcomes									
ROLES at discharge									
More restrictive	7.6	3.8	8.7		13.8	20.0	14.9	11.0	5.7
Similar restrictiveness	9.7	11.9	9.1		6.8	3.8	8.0	7.0	1.1
Less restrictive	80.5	84.0	79.4		76.6	70.0	74.2	79.9	93.2
Runaway	2.3	0.3	2.8		2.9	6.3	2.9	2.1	0.0
Permanency plan achieved (only those with required plan)	60.7	75.1	56.6		51.8	52.2	58.8	47.7	13.6
	62.0	76.6	57.9		63.2	58.5	68.6	54.6	80.0
Nature of Discharge									
Planned	73.0	81.5	70.6		73.6	63.7	76.1	71.3	80.7
Removed by referring source	5.0	4.1	5.2		8.4	10.0	8.0	9.9	1.1
Administrative discharge	19.1	13.8	20.7		14.7	19.4	12.6	15.8	18.2
Runaway	2.7	0.6	3.3		3.3	6.9	3.2	2.9	0.0

* Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses

Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of discharge packets due to missing data. Four youth died while in care (1 in Home-Based; 3 in Foster Care - Treatment). These cases are not included in the percentages reported. There were 6 cases placed in Foster Care that did not have the type of service provided; they are listed in the overall program results but not in the program sub-type (e.g., traditional verses treatment).

CPC=Child Problem Checklist. FRS=Family Risk Scales, Parent Centered Risk. FPC=Family Problem Checklist. ROLES=Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scale. Permanency Plan achieved refers to either primary or concurrent plan achieved. Education and employment are reported for the percent of youth who are of appropriate age. n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type. i/n = insufficient n (e.g., n = 1).

Follow-up I Outcome Summary – By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home-Based	Foster Care	Residential Care	Outpatient Treatment
Follow-up packets completed*	1,064	34	84	112	269	527	38
Could not contact at follow-up	1,243	43	11	212	576	364	37
Functional Outcomes							
Positive education at follow-up	91.8	76.2	100.0	97.0	97.8	89.6	n/a
Employed at follow-up	32.7	61.8	15.2	26.5	36.7	31.5	n/a
No new abuse of child	98.0	100.0	98.7	100.0	95.0	98.9	97.4
No new abuse in family	98.6	91.2	100.0	99.1	97.7	99.2	97.4
No new court involvement	86.2	93.9	88.1	94.5	97.7	77.1	97.4
Placement Outcomes							
ROLES at follow-up							
More restrictive	11.6	5.9	6.0	6.3	13.5	13.7	2.6
Similar restrictiveness	72.8	79.4	85.7	86.6	72.2	66.9	81.6
Less restrictive	15.1	14.7	8.3	7.1	14.3	18.3	15.8
Runaway	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of follow-up packets due to missing data. Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses. ROLES=Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scale. Education and employment are reported for the percent of youth who are of appropriate age. n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type. i/n = insufficient n (e.g., n=1).

Follow-up I Outcome Summary – By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Foster Care Traditional	Foster Care Treatment	Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Follow-up packets completed*	269	147	121	527	42	282	142	61
Could not contact at follow-up	576	122	451	364	20	209	113	22
Functional Outcomes								
Positive education at follow-up	97.8	98.6	96.8	89.6	90.0	86.6	92.2	96.7
Employed at follow-up	36.7	60.0	25.0	31.5	53.3	35.4	18.8	19.2
No new abuse of child	95.0	94.4	95.7	98.9	97.6	99.3	98.6	98.4
No new abuse in family	97.7	96.5	99.1	99.2	97.6	99.3	100.0	98.4
No new court involvement	97.7	99.3	95.7	77.1	73.8	72.8	77.3	98.4
Placement Outcomes								
ROLES at follow-up								
More restrictive	13.5	13.8	13.3	13.7	12.2	17.3	10.6	4.9
Similar restrictiveness	72.2	70.3	74.2	66.9	65.9	59.9	70.2	91.8
Less restrictive	14.3	15.9	12.5	18.3	22.0	21.7	17.0	3.3
Runaway	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.1	2.1	0.0

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of follow-up packets due to missing data. Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses. ROLES=Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scale. Education and employment are reported for the percent of youth who are of appropriate age. n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type or missing. i/n = insufficient n (e.g., n=1).

Follow-up II Outcome Summary – By Program Type (2018)

Variable	All Programs	Transitional Living	Day Treatment	Home-Based	Foster Care	Residential Care	Outpatient Treatment
Follow-up packets completed*	717	17	80	104	122	368	26
Could not contact at follow-up	1,217	46	13	277	453	390	38
Functional Outcomes							
Positive education at follow-up	89.5	90.0	100.0	94.2	98.3	86.0	n/a
Employed at follow-up	34.8	64.3	13.5	27.0	0.0	38.7	0.0
No new abuse of child	97.9	100.0	98.7	99.0	93.2	98.6	100.0
No new abuse in family	99.1	100.0	100.0	98.0	99.2	99.2	100.0
No new court involvement	84.5	100.0	88.8	93.1	100.0	74.9	88.5
Placement Outcomes							
ROLES at follow-up							
More restrictive	12.8	5.9	11.3	2.9	24.4	13.3	0.0
Similar restrictiveness	66.8	70.6	72.5	84.5	68.1	58.3	88.0
Less restrictive	20.3	23.5	16.3	12.6	7.6	28.1	12.0
Runaway	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of follow-up packets due to missing data. Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses. ROLES=Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scale. Education and employment are reported for the percent of youth who are of appropriate age. n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type. i/n = insufficient n (e.g., n=1).

Follow-up II Outcome Summary – By Foster Care & Residential Care Subtype (2018)

Variable	Foster Care	Foster Care Traditional	Foster Care Treatment	Residential Care	Residential Public	Residential On-Grounds	Residential Secure	PRTF
Follow-up packets completed*	122	33	88	368	33	199	89	47
Could not contact at follow-up	453	64	383	390	24	238	105	23
Functional Outcomes								
Positive education at follow-up	98.3	100.0	97.7	86.0	87.1	82.0	87.5	97.9
Employed at follow-up	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.7	48.3	44.4	17.5	42.1
No new abuse of child	93.2	93.3	93.1	98.6	96.9	99.0	100.0	95.7
No new abuse in family	99.2	100.0	98.9	99.2	96.9	99.0	100.0	100.0
No new court involvement	100.0	100.0	100.0	74.9	71.9	67.7	79.5	97.9
Placement Outcomes								
ROLES at follow-up								
More restrictive	24.4	12.1	29.4	13.3	18.8	15.3	10.5	6.5
Similar restrictiveness	68.1	87.9	60.0	58.3	56.3	52.0	58.1	87.0
Less restrictive	7.6	0.0	10.6	28.1	25.0	32.7	30.2	6.5
Runaway	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0

* Sample sizes for individual items may be lower than the number of follow-up packets due to missing data. Unless otherwise noted, numbers refer to percentages of affirmative responses. ROLES=Restrictiveness of Living Environment Scale. Education and employment are reported for the percent of youth who are of appropriate age. n/a = data not collected on this item for the program type. ** Total Foster Care sample size including youth not identified in Traditional or Treatment subtypes. i/n = insufficient n (e.g., n=1).